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INDONESIA - IBRD Resident Mission 1968-

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INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

ROUTING SLIP	Date	
	August 19, 1968	
OFFICE OF THE	PRESIDENT	
Name	Room No.	
Mr. W. Hollman	845	
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To Mandle	Note and ile	
Appropriate Disposition	Note and Return Prepare Peply	
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INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION 8123

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. Robert S. McNamara

DATE: August 16, 1968

FROM:

SUBJECT:

FORM No. 57

M. Shoaib

Indonesia

William

Coo

President has seen

I place below draft Terms of Reference for Bank Resident Staff in Indonesia drawn up by Mr. Bell after consultation with me. This seems to meet the situation and also takes care of the decision taken in May that the Asia Department would continue to "service" the needs of the Mission at the Washington Headquarters as well as process their papers, etc., for Board and other consideration/action.

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Knapp

Mr. Goodman

Mr. Bell

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TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR BANK RESIDENT STAFF IN INDONESIA

1. This statement sets forth the Bank's objectives in establishing a Resident Staff in Indonesia, and outlines the tasks of that staff and its relation to the Government of Indonesia, to the Washington staff of the Bank and to other institutions providing technical and other assistance to Indonesia such as IMF, UNDP, the Harvard Advisory Service, US Aid, etc.

A. Basic Objectives

2. The Bank's basic objectives in establishing a Resident Staff in Indonesia are to provide to the Government of Indonesia advice and assistance which it needs and has requested in the management of its economic affairs. The magnitude and difficulty of the economic problems which the Government of Indonesia faces and its lack of adequate numbers of experienced personnel require assistance of the sort the Bank is contemplating in such volume and intensity that a Resident Staff of some size, supported by the Washington staff of the Bank, is required for the purpose.

B. Tasks of the Resident Staff

- The Resident Staff will have several major distinguishable but related tasks. It will assist and advise the Government of Indonesia: in the formation of its economic policies and its overall economic plans and programs; in the implementation of economic policy decisions; in the preparation and execution of specific sectoral and project programs and plans; in the coordination and mobilization of the technical and financial assistance which is and may be available to it. Incident to these general tasks are a number of more specific ones including: (a) assistance in the formulation of a development strategy and a five year perspective development plan; (b) assistance in the formulation of the annual Government budget and particularly the specific content of the annual development budget; (c) assistance in preparing and executing and in arranging for the preparation and execution of specific programs and projects of rehabilitation and development in the various sectors of the economy, including particularly agriculture, the economic infrastructure, industry and education; (d) assistance in the formulation of economic policies designed to achieve financial stabilization and to facilitate the expansion of production and trade; (e) assistance in the reorganization or the creation of economic institutions which will effectively serve the purpose of rehabilitation and development.
- 4. It is the intention of the Government of Indonesia to rely principally upon the Bank Resident Staff to assist it in coordinating and making effective use of the technical assistance for development purposes which is available to Indonesia from foreign governments, Toreign private firms and from other international agencies. The coordinating responsibility in the field of economic affairs rests in the Indonesian Government with Bappenas, the National Development Planning

Agency, and the Minister of State for Economic and Financial Affairs, the Sultan of Jogjakarta. Bappenas is responsible for the preparation of the five year plan and the annual development budgets and has the responsibility and authority for coordinating all the economic planning and programming activities of the Government. The Minister of State for Economic and Financial Affairs has the responsibility and authority for coordination of the actions of all economic ministries in the execution of plans and programs. In addition, the Chairman of Bappenas also serves as the Chairman of the Economic Advisory Council to the President. The other members of the Council are the Deputy Chairman of Bappenas, the Minister of Finance, the Minister of Trade, and the Chairman of the Foreign Investment Committee. The Bank Resident Staff will work in direct relationship to these three agencies and, through Bappenas and the Minister of State for Economic and Financial Affairs, with the operating ministries and agencies.

In connection with its rehabilitation and development needs and efforts, the Government of Indonesia is currently being offered a multiplicity of technical assistance and a variety of financial assistance. The Government needs and has requested assistance in diagnosing the problems which it faces in various sectors of the economy, in formulating the questions which must be answered in the preparation of programs of sectoral development and plans for specific projects. It is looking to the Bank Resident Staff to provide the necessary assistance in formulating the specific purposes and scope of necessary studies and setting the terms of reference for technical assistance teams which may be provided by other governments, by international agencies and by private consulting firms. It expects assistance and advice in selecting the sources from which such technical assistance should be obtained, in making the necessary contractual and other arrangements in guiding and directing the study and project planning efforts. It also expects the Resident Staff to assist in the direct preparation of projects on the basis of studies conducted either by the government agencies themselves or technical assistance personnel. In general the Government expects help from the Resident Staff in mobilizing and coordinating financial and technical assistance and in arranging for its effective utilization in Indonesia's stabilization and development effort.

C. Relation of Resident Staff to Other Agencies Providing Technical Assistance to Government of Indonesia

The International Monetary Fund is providing resident personnel who are also assisting in advising the Government of Indonesia. Most of its resident personnel are assisting the Ministry of Finance in tax and budget administration; several are advising the Central Bank and the Ministry of Finance in respect to financial and exchange policy. The Asian Development Bank plans to provide a small resident team to assist the Government in the area of food production. The Bank and these two institutions have agreed that their respective resident staffs will work in close cooperation, and by continuous consultation will avoid either duplication of effort or conflict in those areas where their concerns coincide or converge.

7. In addition, the Development Advisory Service of Harvard University will have a team of five economists assisting Bappenas. The FAO and UNDP and other international agencies, as well as national agencies, also are and will be providing technical assistance. It is the intention of the Government of Indonesia to rely on the Bank Resident Staff for assistance in coordinating the effective utilization of the various technical assistance personnel provided by these agencies.

D. Relation of Resident Staff to Washington Staff of the Bank

- The Resident Staff will be directly responsible to the President of the Bank and Vice President Shoaib, acting for him. Mr. Shoaib will call upon the various Departments of the Bank and IFC as he considers necessary; in particular he will look to the Asia Department to ensure service to the Resident Staff, the flow to it of necessary operational, procedural and informational matter. The Staff will function and discharge responsibilities in behalf of all Departments of the Bank and IFC. It will look to the various Departments of the Bank and IFC for support and assistance and it is essential that it receive this support and assistance. In making recommendations to and otherwise assisting the Government of Indonesia in respect to its economic policies and operations the Resident Staff will, within the general framework of Bank policy, act without prior consultation with the Washington Staff of the Bank except as it considers advisable. In assisting and advising in the preparation yof terms of reference for technical assistance teams, in the selection of sources from which such teams should be obtained and in the guidance and supervision of the work of such teams, the Resident Staff will act on its Nown authority but will rely on the Projects Department and IFC for assis-Tance and support. It will draw upon the Projects Department and IFC for short-term specialists as it considers advisable and necessary.
 - 9. The Resident Staff will give guidance and assistance to the Bank's project appraisal missions and will review, comment upon and make recommendations as to project appraisal reports. It will also give guidance and assistance to Bank economic missions and will review, comment upon and make recommendations with respect to reports of these missions to the Bank and to the Inter-Governmental Group for Aid to Indonesia.
 - 10. The Resident Staff will recommend to the Projects Department projects which should be appraised for Bank/IDA financing.
 - 11. The Resident Staff will determine the uses to be made of the proposed technical assistance credit to Indonesia.
 - 12. All communications between the Bank group and the Government of Indonesia will be through the Resident Staff.

D. Size, Composition and Cost of the Resident Staff

13. In accordance with the 1968-69 administrative budget, the Resident Staff will include ten professional personnel, drawn largely from the permanent

staff of the Bank. Budgetary provision to the extent of \$560,000 has been made for the year. One member of the Resident Staff is already in Djakarta. The Director will arrive early in September and others will follow in September and October.

our file FRCM: Sultan Hamengkubuwono IX, Minister of State in cha Economics, Finance and Industry, Republic of Indonesia Mr. Robert S. McNamara, President of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Washington, D.C. June 5, 1968. Mr. Robert S. McNamara, President International Bank for Reconstruction and Development Dear Mr. McNamara, During the past week in accordance with the instructions of President Sceharto, I, the Economics Ministers responsible to me, the Chairman of the National Development Planning Agency and the Governor of the Bank Negara, have been discussing with your Vice President Shoaib and Mr. Bernard Bell, the desire of our Government for technical assistance and advice from the International Bank in planning and conducting a program of rehabilitation and development of the Indonesian economy. We have been pleased to learn from these discussions that the Bank is prepared to provide this assistance. On behalf of my Government, I request that you kindly do so. We believe that for the purpose it would be desirable that the Bank establish a Resident Staff of some size in Indonesia which would be supplemented, as required, by short-term specialist personnel. As I have already indicated, we would look to and rely upon this staff for assistance and advice in cur rehabilitation and development efforts, that is to say, in the management of our economic affairs. We are already receiving assistance and advice from the International Monetary Fund in our stabilisation efforts and, more specifically, in dealing with monetary and fiscal problems. We recognise that the task of rehabilitation and development cannot be separated from the task of stabilisation and we therefore expect that your international institutions will cooperate fully in assisting and advising us in our total economic effort. Similarly, we are receiving assistance from the Asian Development Bank in the field of agriculture. I have no doubt that there will be the fullest cooperation between the two Banks. More specifically, we envisage two distinguishable but related tasks for the Bank Resident Staff. The first is to assist and advise us in the formulation and in the implementation of the overall economic plans and programs which will guide and direct our stabilisation-rehabilitation-The second is to assist and advise in the planning development effort: and execution of specific programs and projects or rehabilitation and development in various sectors of the economy. In this connection, an important part of the task would be assistance to us in co-ordinating our utilisation of the many forms and types of technical and financial assista which are and may be available to us. BAPPENAS, the.

BAPPENAS, the National Development Planning Agency, is the Agency of our Government responsible for and authorized to plan our economic efforts and to coordinate all the economic plans and programs of the Government. As Minister of State for Economic and Financial Affairs, I am responsible for the coordination of execution of the economic plans and programs of the Government. We believe that the Bank Resident Staff could function most effectively if it were directly related to and directly assisting BAPPENAS and through BAPPENAS, as well as myself, the Economic Agencies of the Government. We would expect the Head of the Bank Resident Staff to be immediately available to and to have direct access to the Chairman of BAPPENAS, myself and other Economic Ministers.

We hope that with this assistance, as well as that provided fromother sources, we will be able to achieve the economic progress of Indenesia which has been so long delayed and is so much desired.

Sincerely yours,

Minister of State in charge of Ecomonics, Finance and Industry

HAMENGKUBUWONO IX.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

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Your Highness,

June 15, 1968

This is in response to your letter of June 12, 1968 in which on behalf of your Government you request that the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development assist and advise you in your efforts to formulate and execute plans and programs for the stabilisation, rehabilation and development of the Indonesian economy. I have discussed this request and the way in which the Bank could respond to it with you and your associated Ministers, with the representatives of the Government which are providing aid to Indonesia and today with President Soeharto. I am happy to confirm here that the Bank is prepared to provide the assistance and advice you have requested.

You have suggested that for the purpose the Bank should establish a Resident Staff in Indonesia. I believe that this is desirable and we shall do so as quickly as the necessary arrangements can be made. I am designating as the Director of the taff kr. Bernard R. Bell who is one of the senior executives of the Bank. He will assisted by Mr. Alfred Matter, another senior member of the Bank's staff who is already resident in Indonesia and by others of our most qualified and experienced personal.

I also agree with your suggestion that our Resident Staff should work in direct relationship to BAPPENAS, the National Development Planning Agency, to you as Minister for State for Economic and Financial Affairs, and that through your two offices the staff should work with the various Economic Ministeries. This is on the basis of my understanding that BAPPENAS is responsible for preparing and co-ordinating the economic plans and programs of the Government and that you are responsible for co-ordinating the execution of these plans and programs by all the economic Ministeries of your Government. The Director of our resident staff will, as you suggest, be immediately available to and will have direct access to the Chairman of BAPPENAS, to you and to the economic ministers whose activities you co-ordinate.

Cur resident staff will be prepared to advise and assist you in all phasess of the effort which you have launched to achieve financial stabilisation, to rehabilite your production and infrastructure facilities, and to begin the process of expansion of these facilities and of the output and income of the Indonesian economy. To this end it will be prepared to assist and advise first in the formulation of overall economic plans and programs, second in the planning of specific development programs and projects, third in the implementation of these plans and programs and fourth in the co-ordination of the utilisation of the technical and financial assistance which is available to you from various sources. We will co-operate in this endeavour with the International Monetary Fund which is already assisting and advising you in your stabilisation effort and with the other international agencies and Governments which are providing technical and financial assistance to you.

We recognise, as you do, that Indonesia faces serious and difficult problems but we believe that given the courage and the determination with which your Government is attacking these problems and the assistance which the Bank, other international agencies and other Governments can provide there is sound basis for hope taht Indonesia will make the economic progress we all so much desire.

Sicerely yours,

Sgn

Robert S. Mc.Namara President

Hamengkubuwono IX, Minister of State in charge of Economics, Finance and Industry, Republic of Indonesia; DJAKARTA.

TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR BANK RESIDENT STAFF IN INDONESIA

1. This statement sets forth the Bank's objectives in establishing a resident staff in Indonesia, and outlines the tasks of that staff and its relation to the Government of Indonesia, to the Washington staff of the Bank and to other institutions providing technical and other assistance to Indonesia such as IMF, UNDP, the Harvard Advisory Service, US AID, etc. This statement also indicates the proposed staffing of the resident team, a target time schedule for its establishment and a rough estimate of the cost of the operation.

A. Basic Objectives

2. The Bank's basic objectives in establishing a resident staff in Indonesia are to provide to the Government of Indonesia advice and assistance which it needs and has requested in the management of its economic affairs. The magnitude and difficulty of economic problems which the Government of Indonesia faces and its lack of adequate numbers of experienced personnel require assistance of the sort the Bank is contemplating in such volume and intensity that a resident staff of some size, supported by the Washington staff of the Bank, is required for the purpose.

B. Tasks of the Resident Staff

- The resident staff will have two distinct although related general tasks. One is to provide assistance and advice to the Government of Indonesia in the formation of its economic policies and programs and in the effort to implement economic policy and program decisions. The second task is to assist and advise the Government of Indonesia in the specific planning and the execution of its investment program. The term investment program is used broadly to embrace the immediate effort to rehabilitate physical production and infrastructure facilities, the reorganization, where necessary, of the agencies responsible for managing and operating these facilities, and the longer-run task of expanding and improving physical facilities and their operation and management.
- 4. More specifically, in connection with the first of the two general tasks mentioned above, it will be the job of the Bank's resident staff to advise and assist the Government of Indonesia in the management of its economic affairs, that is to say in deciding what action it should take to deal with a whole series of economic problems and in organizing itself to take these actions effectively. The following is a partial but incomplete list of these problems, not necessarily in the order of their importance or urgency.



- (a) What should be done by the Government to bring about immediate expansion of food production? This will involve decisions with respect to the prices at which the Government will attempt to procure domestically produced rice and other food grains, the organization of such procurement, the removal of existing legal and illegal barriers to the movement of rice and other food grains out of the areas in which they are produced, the regulation, if any, of the purchasing and marketing operations of private traders and rice mills etc. It will also involve decisions with respect to the procurement of fertilizers, plant protection materials and other agricultural production inputs, the distribution and pricing of these inputs, the extension of credit to farmers etc. It will involve particularly decisions with respect to the means by which the import, the multiplication and distribution of new high yielding varieties of rice, corn, sorghum and other food grains can be accelerated along with the means by which necessary trials and adaptive research can be conducted. It will also involve decisions with respect to the financing and organization of a program of rehabilitation of existing irrigation facilities. The Asian Development Bank is already providing advice and assistance on this problem.
- (b) What should be done by the Government with respect to the import of supplementary supplies of rice and other food grains, the distribution and sale pricing of Government procured food grains? What can and should be done in substituting other grains for rice, taking into account the possible consequences on both the short and the long run? Decisions and action on this set of problems, along with the set of production problems mentioned above, are of critical importance since the rice or grain supply and price situation is probably the most critical and dynamic factor in the current hyper-inflation.
- (c) What should be done to expand production of export crops produced both by estates, Government and private, and by small holders? This involves questions of organization and management in the case of Government estates, of credit, export taxes, exchange rates, supplies of current inputs and of equipment etc. It also involves questions of organization of trade in rural areas, of smuggling, private and semi-official. It further involves the whole range of difficult questions posed by the large numbers of overage rubber trees, the necessity for replanting or replacement by other crops, such as oil palm. It involves a further series of questions with respect to the ownership and management status of estates which either are or were foreign owned, the tax and other arrangements relating to foreign enterprise etc.

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- (d) What can be done to accelerate the expansion of petroleum production and petroleum exploration activities? This involves the whole nature of tax and concession arrangements with foreign oil companies, including those now operating in Indonesia, as well as those which might be interested in undertaking exploration and production. It also involves the management of crude oil production and refining and distribution of petroleum products by Government-owned companies. This set of problems is also of critical importance in view of the extent of Indonesia's proven oil reserves, the promising outlook for new discoveries, and the relatively small part of the rapidly growing Pacific market which Indonesia now supplies.
- (e) What should be done to attract and arrange for private foreign investment in Indonesia? What kind of arrangements should be made? What can be done to induce investment in other than extractive industries etc.?
- (f) What can be done to rehabilitate, where necessary, existing manufacturing facilities in Indonesia, including those owned and operated by private as well as public enterprises? What can be done to obtain fuller and more efficient utilization of these facilities? These involve a whole series of questions, including import duties, credit, management, supplies of production materials and equipment, involving especially replacement parts etc.
- (g) What can be done to induce private, domestic investment in manufacturing and service activities? This involves a whole series of questions not least of which is the difficult one of the Chinese community.
- (h) What can be done to halt the continuing inflation? This involves all the questions of fiscal and monetary policy and operations with which the IMF and its resident team are very directly concerned, but which will need to be the concern also of the Bank's resident staff working in extremely close cooperation with and relying heavily upon the IMF personnel. This also involves the whole matter of the magnitude and character of foreign aid requirements.
- (i) What can be done to establish better control over the foreign exchange earnings of Indonesian exporters and to reduce the capital plight which now occurs by under-invoicing of exports, over-invoicing of imports, smuggling, etc.?
- (j) What can be done without the imposition of direct administrative controls to reduce the import of non-essentials and Tuxuries?

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- (k) What can be done to enlarge and improve the flow of basic information on economic activity? This matter is critical since at present the facts with respect to production, trade, and prices are not only scarce but the realities of the situation are only dimly perceived. Much action and planning today occurs in a considerable information vacuum.
- (1) What can be done to establish a reasonable degree of knowledge of and control over economic activity and the activity of governmental authorities in regions not immediately adjacent to Djakarta? This involves the relationship of the Center and the Provinces in the collection of taxes and the allocation of tax revenues. The IMF is providing resident staff to assist Indonesia in this matter and in the entire matter of tax administration.
- (m) What can be done to establish, organize and conduct a vigorous and effective population control program?
- (n) What can be done to improve and rationalize the allocation of the Government's financial resources? This involves the whole problem of redundant civil personnel in the Government, of the size of the military establishment, in the context of the existing unemployment situation.
- (o) What can be done to improve the formulation and the coordination and channeling of foreign aid requests?
- (p) What can be done to realize Indonesia's tourism earning potential?

These are only a few of the economic problems which the Government of Indonesia faces and must deal with virtually immediately. There are also longer-run tasks which it must tackle, including the formulation of a general development strategy, the formulation of a longer-run plan for the development of the economy etc.

5. In connection with the second general task, the Bank's resident staff will assist the Planning Organization and the operating Ministries and Agencies of the Indonesian Government in planning and executing investment activities designed to rehabilitate and improve production of infrastructure facilities. A bewildering multiplicity of technical assistance is currently being offered to Indonesia in almost every conceivable field. These effers are from foreign governments, foreign private engineering, construction, and manufacturing companies, and from international organizations, such as UMOP, FAO, and the Asian Development Bank. The Government of Indonesia faces two main difficulties in utilizing this assistance. The first is that its agencies are not able, without assistance, to make preliminary diagnoses of problems they face in various sectors and to formulate

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the questions which must be answered in the preparation of specific project plans. The Government needs assistance in setting the terms of reference for technical assistance teams which may be provided by other Governments, by international agencies and by private consulting firms to do project preparation work. It needs assistance in selecting the sources from which such assistance should be obtained, in making the necessary contractual and other arrangements, and in guiding and supervising these study and project planning efforts. It needs assistance equally in arranging for the utilization of technical assistance personnel in the execution of projects and their management and operation. The second major problem which the Government faces in this connection is that of coordinating the whole variety of technical assistance which is being offered and which whole variety of technical assistance which is being offered and which be used.

- In order to perform these two distinct although related functions, the Bank's resident staff will need to be organized in two units. One unit will have responsibility principally for assisting and advising the Government in the management of its economic affairs, that is in dealing with the economic problems and policy issues listed in paragraph 4 above as well as others. This unit should be able to call for support as needed from the economic staff in the Area and Economics Department of the Washington office. The other unit should call upon and should be supported and supplemented by the Projects Department staff in Washington, and also the IFC staff. Personnel of these Departments will make short-term visits to Indonesia and work in the Washington office as needed for the purpose.
- 7. This second unit of the resident staff, as supplemented and supported by the Washington staff, will perform its task in two ways. (a) It will itself assist the Government of Indonesia in the preparation of projects for financing by the Bank or other aid-givers. (b) It will assist the Government of Indonesia in arranging for studies and project preparation by appropriately qualified teams provided by other international agencies, governments, private consulting firms and other organizations.

C. Relation of the Resident Staff to the Government of Indonesia

8. The resident staff should be so placed in relation to the structure of the Government of Indonesia that it is directly advising and has direct access to the top decision-making officers of that Government. It might be attached either to the Office of the President or to the Minister of Economic Affairs (the Sultan of Joggakarta), or to the Economic Adviser to the President (the present Head of Bappenas, Mr. Widjojo, serves informally in this capacity). It is not certain, however, that Mr. Widjojo will remain in the Bappenas position or that the present informal economic advisory arrangements will continue. This matter should be explored with the individuals involved, including especially Mr. Widjojo, and decisions made on the basis of that exploration. It should be perfectly clear that the Bank team is not superseding but assisting the chief economic aides to the President.

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- 9. The second or project planning unit of the resident staff should for working purposes be attached to Bappenas and through Bappenas to the operating Ministries and other agencies of the Government. It will be important that they work closely with these operating agencies.
- D. Relation of Resident Staff to IMF Team, Harvard Advisory Service Team, US AID and Similar Teams, UNDP, FAO etc.
- 10. The resident team will need to cooperate very closely with both the IMF resident staff and the Harvard Advisory Service team, both of which will be advising and assisting the Government of Indonesia in important areas of economic policy and program. It will be important that there not be conflicting advice offered to the Government and that duplication of effort be avoided. It is not suggested that the resident team divest itself of responsibility for advice and assistance in any areas in which either of the other two reams are working, but rather that it utilize their work to a maximum degree without duplication or conflict. The avoidance of duplication will require care in the staffing of the Bank's resident team and in the direction of its work. It will also require continuous consultation among the three teams.
- It will be able to exercise this responsibility for the most part only through the Government of Indonesia. It will be essential, therefore, that the Government make clear to the other agencies that it is relying on the assistance of the Bank's resident staff for this purpose. It will also be desirable and probably necessary, that the Bank and these other agencies reach an understanding on this matter by direct consultation.
- E. Relation of Resident Staff to Washington Staff of the Bank
- 12. The resident staff, through its Chief, will be directly responsible to the President of the Bank and Vice President Shoaib, acting for him.
- In making recommendations to the Government of Indonesia in respect to its economic policy and program, the resident staff will act without prior consultation with the Washington staff of the Bank except as it considers advisable. In assistance and advice in the preparation of terms of reference for technical assistance teams and selection of sources from which such teams should be obtained, the resident staff will act with a considerable degree of independence, but will rely upon the Projects Department for support and assistance. It will consult with and use the advice of its Washington staff and short-term specialists dispatched from Washington on its request as it considers advisable and necessary. It will make recommendations to the Washington staff for the use of the proposed IDA technical assistance credit.

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- 14. In the supervision of ongoing work by technical assistance teams, including especially those financed by the proposed IDA credit, the resident staff will consult with and draw upon the Projects Department.
- 15. The resident staff will give guidance and assistance to the Bank's project appraisal missions and will review, comment upon and make recommendations with respect to appraisal reports.
- 16. The resident staff will also give guidance and assistance to Bank economic missions and will review, comment upon and make recommendations with respect to the reports of these missions and reports to the inter-governmental group.
- 17. The resident staff will recommend to the Area and Projects Departments projects which should be appraised as a basis for possible Bank/IDA financing.

F. Size and Composition of the Resident Staff

- As already indicated, the resident staff will consist essentially of two units, both working under the direction of the Chief of the resident staff. What may be called the Economic Advisory Unit should include, aside from the Chief of the resident staff, at least, initially, four persons. These should together be competent in the major areas of economic policy, taking into account the particular competence that will be present in the IMF and Harvard Advisory Service teams. The exact composition of the unit must await further discussion with the IMF and the Harvard Advisory Service.
- 19. The other unit of the resident staff should include, at least initially, four or five persons. This unit should be headed by Mr. Matter and tentatively should include, in addition, one agriculturalist specializing in export rather than food crops, one transportation specialist, and one other sector specialist yet to be determined.

G. Cost

20. As indicated above, the resident staff will include probably ten professional members. It will need, in addition, if it is to operate effectively, at least three secretaries from Washington. It may be that this secretarial and administrative staff may need to be augmented, if it should prove impossible to find in Indonesia additional competent secretarial assistance and a man who can serve effectively as Administrative Officer to deal with the whole range of logistic problems which the staff will face. The annual costs involved may be estimated approximately as follows:

10 Professionals

Salaries and allowances	\$300,000	
Travel and transport of effects	\$100,000	
3 Non-professionals		
Salaries and allowances	\$ 35,000 \$ 10,000	
Travel and transport of effects	\$ 10,000	
Vehicles and Office Equipment	\$ 50,000	
Residential Equipment (air-conditioners etc.)	\$ 20,000	1

Rent of Residences \$100,000

Miscellaneous and Unforeseen \$85,000

\$700,000

The figures above do not include the cost of office space, the compensation of local employees, including secretaries and drivers, cost of transportation in Indonesia, and other similar local costs. The Government of Indonesia should be asked to contribute to these local costs to the extent possible.

H. Target Time Schedule

21. The Chief of the resident staff and one member of its economic advisory unit should arrive in Indonesia by mid-August. Mr. Matter is, of course, already in Indonesia. The remaining members of the resident staff should arrive in Indonesia early in September. This schedule is a target. Its achievement will depend on a number of factors including (a) the finding of places for the staff to live in Djakarta which is one of the most difficult problems the Government and the Bank will have to solve. (b) The finding and equipment of office space adequate to accommodate the staff which will also be a difficult problem, since office space in Djakarta is scarce and since all necessary office equipment will probably have to be procured abroad. (c) The provision from abroad of automobiles without which the staff will be unable to handle either its work or living problems. (d) The selection and mobilization of the necessary personnel.

cc: Messrs. Shoaib, Aldewereld, Knapp, Friedman, Demuth, Cargill, Chadenet and Operational Files

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Files

May 15, 1968 DATE:

FROM:

Richard H. Demuth

Technical Assistance to Indonesia - Meeting with UNDP Administrator SUBJECT:

> Mr. Cargill and I met on May 8 with Mr. Paul Hoffman, Administrator of UNDP, Mr. David Owen, Co-Administrator, and Mr. van der Oort, the UNDP desk officer on Indonesia, to discuss the Bank's proposed technical assistance to Indonesia. The principal points that emerged from our discussions were:

- (1) UNDP welcomes the initiative which the Bank plans to take in Indonesia. It believes it important that the principal Bank representative, the principal IMF representative, and the UNDP Resident Representative maintain close contact in order to coordinate their activities but, implicitly, they accepted Bank leadership in working out a strategy for development for the country.
- The Special Fund sector of the UNDP would like to undertake a great many more projects in Indonesia. The transport survey which we are organizing with UNDP financing represents only a fraction of the amount which the Special Fund is willing to put into Indonesia. Any urgent Special Fund projects in Indonesia could be started promptly under the Preliminary Operations procedure.
- The EPTA allocation for UNDP is fully programmed. However, of the 75 posts agreed upon, only about 25 have been filled because of various delays, particularly in recruitment.
- (4) The UNDP officials emphasized that among the difficulties in giving effective technical assistance to Indonesia were (a) the lack of housing, (b) the lack of local currency to meet local costs, and (c) the lack of small pieces of equipment such as copying machines, jeeps, etc., to make the efforts of the technical assistance experts effective. They urge that, if we make an IDA credit for technical assistance to Indonesia, we include provision for small pieces of equipment, not only for our experts but for other experts in Indonesia.

RHD: tf

cc: Messrs. McNamara, Knapp, Shoaib, Friedman, Cargill, Bell, Brakel, Sella and Riley V

Alfred E. Matter

Bank Technical Assistance to Indonesia - Next steps and estimate of initial staff requirements

Your mome of April 15 proposed, and SLO on April 17 concerved, that the Benk's technical assistance should concentrate on mobilizing consultants who would carry out a series of large-scale sector, fessibility and management studies.

This assistance in "mobilizing" consultants was to take the form of: (i) Dank staff assisting the Kinistries and state enterprises in drawing up terms of reference for the consultants studies, in selecting the consultants and in supervising their work; and (ii) direct financing of some of the studies through an TDA credit.

A. Phior studios already under discussion

Amon I shows the present status of those sector, project and management studies which are already under discussion, either as the result of the proparatory work of the last Bank economic mission, or of my com first visit to Indonesia, or of initiatives taken by IFU and by several members of the Inter-Governmental Group on Indonesia. This Annex can be summarized as follows:

Sector or project		tive source
Hickory	Panls UNDP	
Telecommications	Donle- Austral	1 6
Electric Power	Benk U.S. or or Japa	West Cornsny
Fortilizar - Extension of existing plant		
at Puori	Bank V.S.	
- Cas supply of proposed new plant at Tjirobon	Benk Covernm	emb.
- General fertilizer study	Bunk- Ina (?)	

B. Major studies to be discussed next

Railroads

Garuda Airline

(Management Assistance)

(Management Assistance)

During my first visit very tentative discussions were held, mostly with BAPPENAS, regarding the need for either major improvements or major investments in the following additional fields, which are likely to require extensive studies:

- Dredging of river entrances and harbor approaches

West

Germany

Netherlands

West Germany

Netherlands

- Erosion control
- Timber industry
- Paper industry
- Sugar industry
- Rubber plantations and processing plants
- Oil palm plantations and oil mills
- Agricultural and industrial training
- Water supply and sewage
- Tourism

On my return to Indonesia, I shall explore with the responsible Ministries and state enterprises the nature of the problem and the type of study likely to be required in each case, and the amount of technical assistance already requested or obtained from other sources. On that basis, I shall then propose to the Government and to the Bank what steps to take next, and in particular what specialists from Bank headquarters would be called for to define the necessary studies in more detail.

C. Need for other technical assistance

Different Ministries and state enterprises have at one time or another requested advisers from the Bank to help prepare some of the smaller rehabilitation and improvement projects to be financed out of the 1968 and 1969 bilateral project assistance. None of these requests was, however, clearly defined. As a general rule, this is a more difficult field in which to give advice, because it is so diffused and covers so many areas. Furthermore, the donor countries usually prefer to have these bilateral projects prepared by their own technicians.

Upon my return to Indonesia, I shall explore these requests in more detail and report my findings and recommendations back to the Bank.

D. Initial need for Bank staff

Need for Bank "commuter" staff

The following studies should be pursued further, supervised, or at least followed-up by Bank/IFO staff "commuting" from headquarters:

- a) Highways
- b) Telecommunications
- c) Electric Power
- d) Irrigation (both rehabilitation, in connection with project supervision, and new areas.)
- e) Fertilizer (all three studies)
- f) Textiles
- g) Cement
- h) Inter-island Shipping
- i) Railways
- j) Garuda Airline

The general reasons for guiding and supervising these studies through "commuters" from headquarters rather than resident staff have been stated in earlier memos. But there are three additional reasons in the case of the particular studies mentioned above. First, several of them have been initiated by Bank staff from headquarters, and it is important to maintain continuity. Second, some of the Ministries already have other foreign "advisers", and resident Bank staff would in these cases only lead to overlapping and friction. Third, most of these studies will be financed by bi-lateral donors, and it is not yet clear and would have to be negotiated in each case between the Indonesian Government and the Donor Government, to what extent the latter would welcome Bank supervision.

Need for resident Bank staff

For the time being, a case can be made for the following resident staff:

- one generalist to assist the chief of the resident mission and act in his absence;
- 11) one agriculturalist specializing more in estate crops; to lay the groundwork for studies in these fields;

- iii) one transportation generalist with experience more in fields other than highways, to pursue the above-mentioned studies; and
 - iv) one secretary/administrative assistant.

The Chairman and Vice Chairman of BAPPENAS, during their recent visit to the Bank, agreed in general to this composition of the initial team, but with some reservations which contradicted their earlier requests for large scale Bank technical assistance. As regards the agricultural specialist, they pointed out that they had already asked the Asian Development Bank for agricultural advisers, especially in food production but also the other fields, and they were concerned about duplication. As regards the transport generalist, they pointed out that under the proposed UNDP highway study there will be three transportation generalists specifically assigned to BAPPENAS, and voiced their concern about getting too much contradicting advice.

On my return to Indonesia, I shall continue to explore the need for additional Bank resident staff. One important element in establishing this need will be the assistance and resident staff already provided by or requested from other bilateral or multilateral sources. Otherwise, there will be duplication and friction not only between individual advisers but the agencies involved. The following requests for technical assistance, in addition to the above-mentioned request to the ADB, illustrate this potential risk of overlapping. The UNDP has been asked and has approved some 75 advisers, of which 22 from FAO in the field of agriculture, one in highways, one in telecommunications, one in electric power, one in river dredging, etc. UNIDO has been asked to review the status of several "retarded" projects. The U.S. "Executive Service Corps" will provide nine retired U.S. executives to advise both private and state-owned industrial enterprises. ECAFE has been asked to pursue the port study in which it had already prepared last year an initial and useful report. The Association of Southeast Asian Countries, at its recent meeting in Kuala Lumpur, has been asked to make a study of improving telecommunications between them.

A senior staff member from ADB, Mr. George Rosen, will visit Indonesia in June "to identify ADB studies and projects" and we have already agreed that we would work in close coordination to avoid duplication. The same kind of coordination in the field will be necessary with the other institutions. In recommending further resident staff, I shall give a full report on these coordinating arrangements with the other agencies as they develop.

Attachments

oc: Messrs, Brakel, Bell, Baum, Armstrong, Evans

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO INDONESIA

Status of Sector and Project Studies, and Estimate of Assistance to be Provided by Bank/IFC Staff

Contract of miles, in		23011	ave of abstroance to be frovided to	by bally it's board
SECTOR	ESTIMATED	PROSPECTIVE	the contract of the second second second second	ASSISTANCE NEEDED
OR PROJECT	COST (US \$)	SOURCE OF	PRESENT STATUS	NEXT STEPS FROM BANK/IFC STAFF DURING NEXT SIX MONTHS
			Action and the second section of	
HIGHWAYS	3,900,000		Scope of study, prepared by the Bank, has been officially	Agreement on terms of van Helden reference and choice of 1 week in June
			submitted by the Government to UNDP. The latter has	consultants. (in connection with Headquarters will prepare economic mission)
		e from the control	agreed to it and will make	first draft and first
1-14/14 - 14/124	CONSTRUCTOR	described to the same	available funds for prelimi-	list, to be cleared in 2 weeks in November
			nary operations.	Djakarta by resident or December adviser. Negotiations
				with consultants are
The same standard				scheduled for August and
				the first consultant
an a garage of the extension	produce and the second second of the second	der eine gestellt de Gestellt der eine Gestellt der eine Ge	a militaren eta erra eta erra eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta et	team is expected to
				arrive in October.
and the second s				Mr. van Helden will
washing sanjir-				discuss the status in
The second of the second				June when visiting
				Djakarta as member of
and and the second	The second of th	and the same of the same of the	and the second second production of the second seco	Bank economic mission.
	The second state of the second			The property of the property o
relecord -	har you consider you	with the same of the same	and the state of t	the west of the second
NICATIONS	****		David Cinch In Ch Larma and	Agreement on detailed Vasudevan
First phase	100,000 (?)	Australia	Rough first draft terms of	Agreement on detailed Vasudevan terms of reference and 1 week in June
100		disconsideration :	reference for first phase	negotiation of contract:
neo la Siliene la	AND THE PROPERTY OF LAND	The state of the transfer of the second	(mainly preparation of an	between Government of 2 weeks in October
			emergency rehabilitation and	Indonesia and Australia or November

investment program, and preparation of the longrange study), prepared by resident adviser, have been submitted by Government to Australia for financing by grant. Australia's first reaction has been favorable. ject to more detailed

uncussion of scope and

Indonesia and Australia. Senior Australian telecommunications official is scheduled to visit Djakarta shortly for preliminary discussions, which it would be helpful if a staff member from .. ik headquarters could

		latinative producer for	-2-
SECTOR OR PROJECT	ESTIMATED COST (US \$)	PROSPECTIVE SOURCE OF FINANCE	PRESENT STATUS NEXT STEPS FROM BANK/IFC STAFF DURING NEXT SIX NOW
TELECOM Second phase ELECTRIC POJER	(?)	(2) (2)	The second phase, mainly preparation of a long-range investment program, ought to start during the first half of 1969.
First phase	100,000 (?)	U.S., or West Germany, or Japan	Rough first draft terms of reference and reference for first phase terms of reference and (mainly preparation of an choice of consultants. emergency rehabilitation and investment program, and preparation of the long-range study), prepared by resident adviser, will Djakarta for exploratory Agreement on detailed terms of reference and 2 weeks in July or August (after first response from prospective denor country has response from prospective denor country).
			shortly be submitted by talks. It would be help- Government to U.S., West ful if a staff member Germany and Japan for from Bank headquarters financing by grant. could join these talks. The timing will depend on the prospective donor country.
Second phase	(?)	(?)	The second phase, mainly preparation of a long-range investment program, ought to start in the first half of 1969.

		3 -	
OR COST SO	OSPECTIVE NURCE OF PRESENT STATU FINANCE	IS NEXT STEPS	ASSISTANCE NEEDED FROM BANK/IFC STAFF DURING NEXT SIX MONTHS
FERTILIZER 100,000 (?) U.S Feasibility of extending existing plant at Pusri	to review terms of to assure that stu exclude any potent of bi-lateral or m financing (such as etc.)	reference, ence of feasibility does not IFC mission visibilitial source Indonesia during will draft term	lity study. consisting of: iting Hassan g May/June Hilton s of Peacock this Gas specialist on return Three weeks in ill May/June S.AID the
Availability (?) of gas for proposed new plant at Tjirebon	(?) Government has ask to look into possi new plant, based of available at Tjire follow Pusri exten Main question is a gas reserves.	consultant. Red Bank/IFC Establish adequate gas reserves. On gas Above IFC missi will include gas ist, will recommendate.	acy of See above (further visits on, which depending on s special-mission's findings) mend what gations,
		drilling, will necessary to es reserves. Dril presumably be c by state oil co through one of exploration com already working Indonesia. Con	timate ling could arried out mpany several panies in
		might be requir supervision and tion of drillin	evalua-

SECTOR OR PROJECT	COST (U. \$)	PROSPECTIVE SOURCE OF FINANCE	PRESENT STATUS	NEXT STEPS	ASSISTANCE NEEDED FROM BANK/IFC STAFF DURING NEXT SIX MONTHS
		IDA (?)	Government asked the Bank/ IFC to sponsor long-range study of fertilizer demand and alternative sources of supply (one of them Tjirebon) in order to provide a basis for (i) establishing Govern- ment policies regarding prices, customs protection, marketing, credit, invest- ments, etc. and (ii) inducing private capital to invest in the fertilizer field.	Prepare terms of reference of general study. Above IFC mission will prepare draft terms of reference, and upon return to Washington estimate costs and propose consultants.	See above (further visits depending on mission's findings)
TEXTILES Integrated Mill	(?)	Prospective sponsors (IFC plus Japanese group)	Government has welcomed IFC's proposal to pursue possibility of private capital investment in integrated textile mill. A Japanese group approached by IFC has shown interest in principle.	Investigation by prospective partners. A team of the Japanese group will visit Indonesia shortly and make its report to the group and to IFC.	None for field visit. IFC will review the report of the Japanese group at headquarters.
Brief over- all review of textile industry.	(?)	IDA or IFC	Government has asked IFC to make brief over-all review of textile industry to provide a basis for urgently needed policy decisions regarding priorities, prices, customs protection, marketing, labor regulations and investments. This review, to be carried out by a textile specialist chosen by IFC, and to be made available to the Government, will also provide IFC with	Field visit by specialist IFC will shortly select an outside consultant (probably Nr. Issa Shahin) to make field visit and carry out the over-all review of the industry.	None for field visit. IFC will review the specialist's report at headquarters.

against which to judge the osal of the prospective

nese partners.

		ris that a time and as a sign	- 5 -		
SECTOR OR PROJECT	COST (US \$)	PROSPECTIVE SOURCE OF FINANCE	PRESENT STATUS	NEXT STEPS	ASSISTANCE NEEDED FROM BANK/IFC STAFF DURING NEXT SIX MONTHS
TIN DREDGING AT BANGKA AND BILLITON CEMENT New plant near Bogor	(?) 50,000 (?)	Government (drilling) IDA or IFC (consultants)	The Government has asked the Bank "to have a look" at these tin dredging operations, which are important foreign currency earners but whose output since nationalization has continued to decrease. Government has welcomed IFC proposal to pursue possibility of private capital investment in new cement	Preliminary discussions in Djakarta and possibly visit to site by IFC team. The same IFC team mentioned above will have preliminary talks with the management of Bangka & Billiton and with the responsible Ministry, and recommend next steps (possibly visit to Bangka & Billiton by dredging specialist, or discussions with experience operating company that might provide management assistance). Execution of drilling program. Drillings are expected to take about four months.	d
IRRIGATION Continuation of rehabilitation	300,000 (?)	To be included in proposed first IDA Credit for irrigation rehabilitation.	plant near Bogor. IFC specialist has visited site and proposed drilling program establishing reserves of raw materials to be financed and carried out by Government. Bank mission which appraised the proposed first IDA credit for rehabilitation will recommend to include in credit funds for preparation by consultants of next stage of rehabilitation.	Approval of first IDA Credit and choice of consultants. The appraisal report is scheduled to go to the ED's in June or July, which would allow consultants to start ld work in October.	Malone plus Irrigation Engineer. 3 weeks in October (see below)

anomon.		PROSPECTIVE			
SECTOR	ESTIMATED	SOURCE OF	DD PC DAM COLAMITO	Name Company	ASSISTANCE NEEDED
OR	COST		PRESENT STATUS	NEXT STEPS	FROM BANK/IFC STAFF
PROJECT	(US \$)	FINANCE			WRING NEXT SIX MONTHS
Object to	(0)				MUZICAN TERROR ARAA ARAA
Study of	(?)	(?)	Bank has been asked to help	Bank team to visit	Malone plus
new areas			select one or two river basin	Indonesia for more	Irrigation Engineer
			areas for new irrigation	detailed discussion.	3 weeks in October
	和 "被复数"		developments and to advise on	The same team (Malone plus	ence et al. In the Color of the Self-
	Taring Smarry		scope and phasing of necessary	irrigation engineer) could	[14] 《沙蒙兰法集武集》。
	and the second second	The second secon	feasibility studies.	cover this assignment at	
				the same time.	
NAME OF TRANSPORT	100	yan di Kabupatèn Perinta		ેં જૂર્યું કે ફ્રેપ્ટિંગ અને પ્રત્યું કે કે કે ફ્રેપ્ટ કે ફ્રેપ્ટ કરો છે.	नेतर्राक्षितिक विश्वविद्या है। अभिनेत्री क्षेत्री कार्या केर्य है।
MANAGEMENT	(1)	Netherlands	The Government has asked the	The Oyevaar team to draw	van Helden
ASSISTANCE	- Propadily	द्रार्ट्यम् । वेद्यानिक्षी स्थापन सम्बद्धाः वस्तुरा ।	Dutch Government to have the	up the terms of reference.	1 week in July
TO PELNI		Andria de la lace	Dutch associations of shipping	Mr. van Helden, who will	San and the first the state of the
(inter-island		BORRESH WE WAY	lines and ports provide the	visit Indonesia in July as	
shipping)	grand and selection of the	All the state of the	management assistance to PELNI.	member of the Bank economic	alternative and the second
		a provincia de la provincia de Provincia de la provincia de l	A three-man team, headed by	mission, will on that	
			Mr. Oyevaar, will visit Indo-	occasion make contact with	
		Stranger Comme	nesia in June to draw up the	the Oyevaar team and	and the state of t
	MANAGORIA.	Kar Miny bandu.	terms of reference, and BAPPENAS		
	देश राज्यां प्रशिक्षां प्रशिक्षां प्र	प्रशासिक है है। के उन्हें अने	has asked the Bank to review	their terms of reference.	
			them. It is not clear yet		
			whether this assistance will be	a o ing big palagag sartiga	
			kimited to the shipping opera-		
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			tions only, or whether it will		
			include the management of ports.		
and the second second second	era (1 -1 42) (14 e 2666).		ing Sangraphinal is an interpretation		
MANAGERENT	(?)	West	The Government has asked West	A Bundesbahn team to visit	
ASSISTANCE		Germany	Germany to have the Bundesbahn	Indonesia for drawing up	1 week in July
TO RAILROADS	1,14,		provide the management and	the terms of reference.	
			planning assistance to the	Mr. van Helden, who will	
			railroad administration. The	visit Indonesia in July as	
			terms of reference are to be	member of the Bank economic	
	e ta Task dag Ye		drawn up in the next month or -	mission, will on that	e transfer and the second
The second of th	r de la suitant de la compani. Camada de la compania	e de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co	two, & BAPPENAS has asked the	occasion make contact with	
			Bank to review them. BAPPENAS	the railroad administration	
			wishes this Bundesbahn assist-	& arrange, if desirable, fo	r
	and problem i		ance to cover not only the	a first three-way meeting	i a superiorità de la lacción de la company de la comp
- W. J			management but also the prepa-	(Indonesian Railways,	
	The second second		ration of emergency & long-	Bundesbahn and Bank) on the	
			ge investments and of a	eral approach to this	
			ancial rehabilitation	agement assistance, & fo	or .
**			program.	the subsequent review of th	ie

	to the second production of the second of
- 27	SECTOR ESTIMATED PROSPECTIVE ASSISTANCE NEEDED
£ .	OR COST SOURCE OF PRESENT STATUS NEXT STEPS FROM BANK/IFC STAFF PROJECT (US \$) FINANCE DURING NEXT SIX MONT
	The state of the s
	MANAGEMENT (?) Netherlands The Government has asked the A KLM team to visit van Helden ASSISTANCE Dutch Government to have KLM Indonesia for drawing I week in July
	ASSISTANCE Dutch Government to have KLM Indonesia for drawing 1 week in July TO GARUDA provide the management up the terms of
	AIRLINE assistance to GARUDA. The reference.
	terms of reference are to be Mr. van Helden, who will

ACEMENT

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AUSTRICE

Dutch Government to have KLM provide the management assistance to GARUDA. The terms of reference are to be drawn up in the next month or two, and BAPPENAS has asked the Bank to review them. BAPPENAS wishes that this KLM assistance cover not only management but also the preparation of emergency and long-range investments

(aircraft and airport and ground facilities), and of a financial rehabilitation program.

A KLM team to visit van Helden
Indonesia for drawing l week in July
up the terms of
reference.
Mr. van Helden, who will
visit Indonesia in July
as a member of the Bank
economic mission, will on
that occasion make contact
with GARUDA and arrange,
if desirable, for a first
three-way meeting (GARUDA,
KLM and Bank) on the
general approach to this
management assistance, and
in the subsequent review
of the terms of reference.

INTERNATIONAL BANK
RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INTÉRNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

rad:

lun. Tuel is happy with the change as long as hur. Brokel accepts it. He says there have been several drafts of the terms of represe for lon bratter but I don't see any en om jile are we being kept informed FORM No. 57

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMEN

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: Miss Eileen Powell

DATE: January 2, 1968

FROM: Dagfin Juel

SUBJECT: Indonesia. Technical Assistance

Enclosed is a xerox copy of the document I mentioned to you. This document was circulated by the Indonesians when the Inter-Governmental Group on Indonesia met in Amsterdam last November, and shows that the Government has taken a number of important steps in the field of technical cooperation.

Enclosure: a/s

TECHNICAL COOPERATION

The Indonesian Government highly appreciates the IGGI's recommendation of last June, for a closer coordination of Technical Assistance activities.

The recommendation stimulates a drive to have a better coordination of technical assistance activities on the home front and also encourages more closer contacts and communications between representatives of the recipient and donnors' sides. Moreover, we deem it to be in our self interest to have better technical assistance aid coordination and thus also the improvement of the management of foreign assistance furnished in support of our programmes.

The Indonesian Government now wants to be more pragmatic and is determined to accomplish more improvements of Indonesia's financial, economic and social conditions. The utilization, administration and management of human and capital resources will be given more and greater attention to. Mismanagement practices will not be perpetuated. Efforts to remedy management practices will be intensified and expanded. In the framework of technical cooperation we seek your sympathatic consideration for providing management aid to Indonesia and to gear our technical cooperation schemes to accelerate developmental activities within the frame of our Government's programmes.

Following up the Group's (IGGI) recommendation, our Government took measures to improve and consolidate our own internal coordination
mechanism. The Coordinating Committee for International Technical Cooperations has been strengthened. It now includes BAPPENAS, The National Planning Agency, as its member to ensure the lingking of technical
assistance with our rehabilitation and development programmes.

Also a new bureau within the Secretariat of the Cabinet will be created and assigned to do the secretariat work of the Committee. Departments have been asked to appoint their liaison officers for technical
coordination activities.

A draft national program for technical cooperations 1968 is under preparation. It still needs our National Planning Agency (BAPPENAS) scrutiny and the final approval of the Acting President. Some reference to what our priority needs are had been mentioned in the Coordination Chairman's address to the Ambassadors last September 1967.

Stepping in line with the priority goals to be designed in a five year Development Plan for the period of 1969-1973, the program of technical cooperation for 1968 should already be geared and handled in a way to become a factor accelerator of the Development Plan.

With regard to establishing better contacs and communications among the host recepient government and the representatives of the donnors, we wish here to report, that one of such meetings on

Ambassadorial level was held on September 6, 1967. This is follow-ed-up by a meeting on technical level, last October. On both occasions the UNDP Representative for Indonesia had been invited and present.

Further meetings on the technical level will be held once monthly.

From the forgoing arrangements and efforts made by the Indonesian Government in following up the recommendation of the Group, it is clear how much importance we attach to technical assistance aid given to Indonésia. We quote the Chairman of the Coordinating Committee saying:

- "Recognizing the limitations of national capital in relation to the country's need and also of our still limited technological know-how at present, we therefore should use any external technical cooperation input as effectively as possible ".
- "With respect to technical cooperation the Indonesian Government considers it as a complementary source to be utilized for the implementations of the Government's programmes in several fields ".

Knowing as this Meeting does of Indonesia's need to find complementary sources to the support of our programmes, we now do hope that the measures taken by the Indonesian Government for a better administration and coordination of Technical Assistance, may also stimulate and encourage our donnors in a view drive to provide increased Technical Assistance aid to Indonesia.

For 1968 in particular we need technical assistance for management aid to State Enterprises, pre-investment technical assistance and surveys, and the development of training facilities and educational institutions. The technical assistance in the field of management will be primarily related to the requested project assistance program for rehabilitation and development.

Having a national program for technical cooperations for 1968, we will be better prepared to embark on bilateral projects cooperation or under a coordinated program by several participating countries or international organizations for certain programs or major projects.

In view of the urgency to achieve succes rapidly with the Government's programmes, the Government of Indonesia again appeals to this Meeting to favorably consider the extension and expansion of Technical Assistance Aid to Indonesia.

FORM No. 75 (2-60)

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

1	ROUTING SLIP	Date
<u> </u>	NAME	ROOM NO.
٨	Miss Powell	841
	ALEAST TERMINITED TO THE STATE OF THE STATE	
-	To Handle	Note and File
	To Handle Appropriate Disposition	Note and File
	Appropriate Disposition	Note and Return
	Appropriate Disposition Approval	Note and Return Prepare Reply
	Appropriate Disposition Approval Comment	Note and Return Prepare Reply Per Our Conversation

Please call me when you have read this

From

Lagfin Just

Technical Assistance for Planning

- 96. In several preceding sections, the need for technical assistance has been stressed. It has been pointed out that both the annual plans and the 1969-1973 plan should contain a program of technical assistance; of, paragraphs 53 and 63.
- 97. The Inter-Governmental Group on Indonesia (IGGI) in June 1967 made a recommendation for a closer coordination of technical assistance activities. When the Group met in November 1967, the Indonesian representatives stated that the Government highly appreciated the recommendation, and that it already had taken several steps to follow it up (described in paragraphs 98 100).
- 98. The Coordinating Committee for International Technical Cooperation
 (cf. paregraph 17) had been strengthened. It now included a representative
 of the National Development Planning Agency as a member to ensure the
 linking of technical assistance with the rehabilitation and development
 programs. A new bureau in the State Secretariat would be created to
 serve the Committee. The various government departments had been asked
 to appoint liaisen officers for technical cooperation.
- 99. A draft national program for technical assistance in 1968 was under preparation. This program would, in particular, relate to technical assistance for management of government enterprises, pre-investment surveys, and development of training facilities and educational institutions.

 100. To establish better contact between the Covernment and the representatives of the dozor countries, a meeting on the ambassadorial level was held in September 1967. This was followed by a meeting on the

Technical Assistance for Planning - 2

technical level in October. On both eccepions, the UNDP regident representative was present. Further meetings on the technical level would be held once monthly.

101. The Mission welcomes these stops to make international technical ecoperation more effective. The World Bank has decided to have a regident advisor on technical assistance in Indonesia. His functions will be to advice the National Development Planning Agency on the qualmatica and effective use of technical assistance, including

and appraising investment projects, and selection of consultants and their terms of reference.

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DECEMBE 19, 1967

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DJAKARTA

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I.P.M. Corgill

CO: Mr. Matter Hoome. R. Claste, Greatener, T. Jones McDiagnid, Miley, E.H.William

ANCE ()

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. Vincent Riley

DATE: December 4, 1967

FROM:

Willem Brakel

SUBJECT:

Indonesia: Power Survey

As I mentioned to you over the telephone, Indonesia has expressed great interest in a general power survey and in possible Bank help in organizing such a survey. From the attached memorandum written by Mr. Beach, the power man on the economic mission that recently visited Indonesia, you will note that such a survey, if restricted to Java and Sumatra, could indeed be of considerable help.

Can you, please, informally check with the UNDP whether from their side there would be any interest in supporting such a survey; the Bank could, I suppose, be the Executing Agency, if this were considered desirable by the parties involved. As I mentioned to you already, Indonesia's original intention to ask the UNDP for a full-fledged transportation survey will, on the basis of the findings of the recent Bank mission, probably for the time being be reduced to a request for a survey of the road sector only, plus some help to the Planning Organization (Bappenas) in order to enable it better to coordinate the various rehabilitation and other investment needs of the transportation sector as a whole. In other words, from a purely financial point of view, the power survey would not be a straight addition to previously expected claims on UNDP resources to be used for Indonesia.

There are two other comments which are worthwhile mentioning on the power survey question.

- (a) There is no immediate urgency. If the preliminaries for the survey could be worked out in the course of 1968, so that the actual work could start at the end of that year or very early 1969, this would presumably be quite alright. The first order of business in Indonesia in power is the straightening out of the transmission and distribution system, particularly on Java, which is supposed to be done in the course of the year ahead. Only after that can due attention be paid to further expansion and development.
- (b) Mr. Beach stresses that a prerequisite for, or, at any rate, concomitant to any sound further development of the power system in Java and Sumatra is a drastic review of the organization, operations and management of the organization responsible for power generation and distribution (the PLM). In order to achieve this, the survey should, in his opinion, pay particular attention to these matters and should therefore be carried out by a group of people which would include specialists in the organizational and operational field. Perhaps the best way to approach this would be to begin with the provision of a small

group of experts - a kind of management team - working on a day-to-day basis with the management of PLM for an initial period of say 3-6 months. This small team - two or three men - could then work out with the Indonesians involved the detailed terms of reference for the subsequent over-all survey.

In your contact with the UNDP on this matter, you may wish to explore whether, if the latter approach in two steps were to be followed, this might be done in the form of one continuous project (which at first sight I think would be preferable) and what UNDP's reactions to helping finance the two parts are.

Please let me have your reply as soon as possible; the Indonesian authorities are eagerly waiting for word from us.

cc: Messrs. Cargill, Knox, McDiarmid, Beach, van Helden

WBrakel:cj File: IN-Gen

Survey (m. 3 m / 72 may yours 1/2 may yours 1/2 may yours 2 1/2 30

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. Willem Brakel

December 1, 1967 DATE:

FROM: Jack Beach

SUBJECT: INDONESIA - Power Survey

I refer to your memorandum of November 28 in which you raise the above subject.

If by "general power survey" the Indonesians are referring to the whole of Indonesia I would not be in agreement. I believe that what is wanted at this time is a limited survey which would cover the islands of Java and Sumatra only. Java and Sumatra together account for 94% of electricity sales from public generating stations throughout Indonesia (Java 82%, Sumatra 12%). The remaining territories including Kalimantan, Sulawesi and West Irian are served by isolated diesel stations and there is no scope at this time (or in the near future) for interconnected or integrated operation of these facilities. Expansion of existing stations or the installation of new small stations would have to match local development in these isolated areas.

A power survey of Java and Sumatra would be of considerable help to the state electricity authority in planning its future generating plant and transmission line requirements, particularly in Java where, in view of the size of new generating facilities now being installed or planned for the near future, interconnection of the three isolated systems may be of great advantage. Future power requirements will depend, very largely, upon industrial development and until plans for such development are more firm forecasts of future power requirements must of necessity be approximate. Little purpose would therefore be served at this time in producing forecasts beyond an initial ten-year period.

If a power survey is to be of any value at all, it must be possible to implement any recommendations made. A survey should therefore include a critical review of the present organization, particularly in the fields of operation, planning, contract negotiation and project construction.

JBeach: jc IBRD

cc: Mr. McDiarmid

Mr. Knox

Mr. Lithgow

Mr. Beach

Division Files

Operational Files

Files

December 11, 1967

Vincent J. Eiley

Indonesian Projects

During my visit to UNDP in New York on December 8, I discussed with killen van der Cord, Deputy Director, Deream of Operations and Programming, the preliminary findings of our recent concent mission regarding potential technical assistance projects. At the memont, they have practically no projects in Indonesia, or in the pipeline, and would welcome projects af Indonesia can meet UNDP requirements. I identified possible power, telecommunications and read studies, but concentrated most heavily on the read studies (plus assistance to Dappanes).

Power Study. I indicated that the scope of this was possibly 2% to 3 man-years for studies and assistance on the two principal islands only. Cost might be in the vicinity of \$150,000. Commencement might be late 1968 or early 1969. Van der Cord's only comment was that the size looked attractive.

Teleromunications. I reported that we had a men examining this now. Any project was likely to be fairly urgent, but that at present I could give no dotail as to occee. wan der Cord noted that UNDE/ITU have a Telecommunications Training Project presently underway. I promised to keep UNDE advised on this.

Road Studies. If a complete and perfect application is submitted by the Government in January, USDP feels it can probably include it in the June 1968 program. A later submission, or one that is incomplete or requires work, will mean UNDP could not approve before January 1969.

The estimated price tage-53 million over three yearsproduced gasps. However, WADF needs and wants Indonesian projects and I
am optimistic they will find a way. We chould, however, be prepared to
answer a question about whether this might not be broken up into two or
more pieces that would be more digestible.

yan der Cord was not keen about Preliminary Operations, just to speed up a project a month or two. He noted that the criteria for Preliminary Operations require seem special reason for immediate action (weather, preservation of counterpart unit etc.). The fact that Indenesia Transport is a moss and has been so for years, is not much of an argument for getting "fant" money. Some of Unit's reluctance undoubtedly comes from initiating, and thus comewhat consisting itself, to a 3 million program without Coverning Council approval. This was not conclusive, however, and if we push this (and can offer some justification for doing so), we have a good chance to succeed.

UMDP sees no choicele to including 2 or 3 people to provide Transportation Coordination Assistance to Eappenes and van der Gord believes this would be the best approach.

Files -2-December 11, 1967 As in all its projects, UNDP requires a Government Cash Contribution (for experts subsistence, etc.). This contribution (15% of "Gross Expert Cost") could total \$250,000 in this project. Unless the Government can give assurance that it can and will put up this money, there can be no project. At the time of submission of the request UNDP will want, from the Bank or the Covernment, a complete statement on the suitability of the proposed program to the Government's capacity to implement its results. Example: what are the prospects that the Government will have investment funds available to procure the read maintenance equipment that is determined to be necessary afterthe inventory of equipment? In other words, we must show that our proposed study will produce recommendations within the financial (and administrative) ability of the Government to implement them. The application, or accompanying documents, should show, in sufficient detail, the impact on the economy of this project and of the investment that might flow from it. The more such estimates can be quantified, the better. I also noted that operational assistance is needed in other segments of the Transport Sector but that seme or all of this might be obtained from bi-lateral sources. I added, however, that other studies, suitable for UNDP financing (e.g., Navigation), might arise in the future. I promised to keep UNDP promptly informed of all developments on these programa. VJE: fph cc: Messrs. Brakel van Helden Engelmann

BRAFT GMStreet:mch October 20, 1967

Mr. J.H. Williams

I.P.M. Cargill

Indonesia - Seconded Advisers

At a meeting with the Indonesian delegation in Rio on September 25, the lack of coordination of the various technical assistance programs in that country was discussed. The Finance Minister, Dr. Frans Seda, asked whether the Bank could provide an expert to assist the National Economic Development Council (BAPENAS) in evaluating and coordinating technical assistance proposals and preparing terms of reference for studies involved in the identification, preparation and evaluation of investment projects. The Minister agreed to confirm his request upon his return to Djakarta and Mr. HcDiarmid now there, was instructed to take up the matter upon his arrival. I have no doubt the Minister's confirmation will be received in a few days.

The Government, which is being showered with technical assistance offers from all quarters, has no real notion of what is needed. There is a coordinating committee within the Government, but it has not been effective and the Government now proposes to have BAPENAS do the coordinating work. This recently reactivated planning organisation has no knowledge or experience to bring to the task and would be lost without help. I, therefore, agreed, subject to the usual clearances that the Bank would provide an adviser. Mr. Woods has since agreed in principle to the appointment of a seconded advisor for Indonesia.

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The Seconded Advisor's function wold be to help BAPENAS to evaluate technical assistance offers received and to supervise the implementation of offers accepted. His help would be particularly valuable in advising the Indonesians as to which fields technical assistance should be sought, given the relative priority of the various fields and which offers maked sense and are best suited to meet the country's needs. His help would also be beneficial in the drafting of terms of reference to maximize the benefits of the assistance.

The appointment of an advisor should make for greater coordination within the Indonesian Government as BAPENAS would be in a better position to select from the many proposals for technical assistance endorsed by the various ministries those which merit consideration. The future operations of the Bank group and the activities of the group of countries aiding Indonesia will be furthered as the appointment of a seconded advisor will lead to more effective and beneficial use of the technical assistance received.

Cost of the proposed assignment would be shared between the Bank and the Government of Indonesia in accordance with normal procedures for seconded advisors. I intend to have Mr. McDiarmid agree with the Government arrangements whereby the local currency will be borne by the Government. A new budgetary position is required but this will be offset by the abolition of the position of Project Preparation Adresor to Malaysia.

I expect difficulties in finding a suitable person to fill the proposed position and urge, therefore, that efforts to do so commence immediately without awaiting a formal request from the Minister of Finance.

This paper has been cleared with the Development Services Department.

cc: Messrs. Ripman, R. Clarke.

FORM NO 57

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: File

DATE: September 18, 1967

FROM: O. J. McDiarmid " 'h~

SUBJECT: Meeting with the Indonesian Delegation, September 18, 1967

Indonesia:

Mr. Radius Prawiro

Mr. Djuana Kusumahardja

Mr. Salamun

Mr. Biantie Kharmawan

Mr. Abdul Hamid

Mr. H. Alsegap

Governor, Bank Negara Indonesia

Deputy Governor, B.N.I.

Director General for Finance,

Ministry of Finance

Director, Asian Development Bank

Economic Minister, Indonesian

Embassy

Secretary to Mr. Prawiro

Bank:

Mr. Cargill Mr. Goodman

Mr. Mason

Mr. McDiarmid

Executive Director: Mr. Tazi

Mr. McDiarmid explained the arrangements for the October/November economic mission. Following this mission, an economic report will be prepared combining the findings of the July/August and the October/November missions. All information in connection with the plans for the October/November mission has been sent to Mr. Kaptin Adesumarta of the Ministry of Finance who is acting as Liaison Officer for the Mission. Additional copies will be sent to Mr. Hamid in the Indonesian Embassy, Washington, D.C., for transmittal to Professor Widjojo in Djakarta.

Governor Prawiro said that Professor Widjojo is reorganizing and strengthening the National Planning Council (BAPENAS). He raised the question of the transportation survey which Professor Widjojo has taken up with Mr. McDiarmid in August in Djakarta. He was told that we have written to Mr. Kaptin explaining the arrangements under which the October/November mission would prepare the terms of reference for the survey. We asked whether the Government wished us to discuss the matter with UNDP. We are awaiting a reply to that inquiry. Mr. Cargill said that the Bank would be prepared to be the executing agency for the survey. He also said that this survey was directed to the long-term transportation needs in Indonesia and should not hold up high priority rehabilitation projects. Governor Prawiro indicated that telecommunications would also be included in the terms of reference of the survey. Mr. Cargill said that this could be included.

In respect of the Dutch participation, the Indonesian delegation said that they understood some offer of assistance had been received but they Jummer the Party ADP. were not familiar with the details. Mr. Cargill said he had talked to

Mr. Everets about this matter and Mr. Everets said that the Dutch were prepared to help in the financing if a Dutch firm were selected to carry out the survey. It was suggested that Mr. van Helden might go to Amsterdam at the end of the mission to Indonesia to discuss the matter with the Dutch authorities. Reference was made to the Page and Northrop proposals. Mr. Cargill said that the Bank had not made any offer to finance the Page and Northrop study. It was, of course, possible that some such firm as Page and Northrop might be selected in connection with the transportation survey.

There were some discussions in respect of the roles of IBRD mission and that of the Asian Development Bank insofar as agriculture is concerned. Mr. McDiarmid explained that the July/August mission had made some study of the BIMAS (rice production) program and that the October/November mission would concentrate mainly on the estate sector and on the projects which are in some stage of execution. The six-man Asian Development Bank team which is to go to Indonesia early in October will be concentrating on food production.

Mr. Cargill said that he felt the members of the Inter-governmental Aid Group had not yet faced up to the problems of Indonesia in respect of debt rescheduling and aid requirements. The Bank would not be represented at the Paris meeting on debt rescheduling to be held in mid-October. Governor Prawiro asked when Mr. Cargill might be coming to Indonesia. He said he hoped to come perhaps during the first ten days in November while the Bank mission is there.

cc: Messrs. Cargill/Goodman Mason McDiarmid

OJMcDiarmid:ke

INTERNATIONAL BA FORM No. 75 OPMENT (2-60) INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMEN' ASSOCIATION Date Dets' ROUTING SLIP NAME ROOM NO. Note and File To Handle Appropriate Disposition Note and Return Approval Prepare Reply Per Our Conversation Commen t Full Report Recommendation Information Signature Initial Send On REMARKS The is largely water our the dam(a) has but he issi) voiced opinion with about the? smeals in toto a reference to poras 6.7 From

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

O. J. McDiarmid TO:

DATE: September 11, 1967

FROM:

R. J. Goodman

REVISED

SUBJECT:

FORM No. 57

Indonesian Mission: October 1967

A. The mission will go to Indonesia about October 14, 1967, for a period of approximately 5 weeks.

- The purposes of the mission are:
 - To complete the study of the economic policies and performance of Indonesia that was started by the Reconnaissance Mission which visited Indonesia in July/August 1967, with special attention to the following:
 - Further appraisal of the program of financial stabilization in 1967:
 - Examination of the 1968 budget, with particular reference to its monetary and developmental aspects;
 - (c) Study the effectiveness of the exchange rate and credit control systems in relation to the composition of imports for rehabilitation and developmental purposes;
 - (d) Further evaluate the qualitative credit control system, particularly in respect of the encouragement of exports and investment in productive facilities;
 - Evaluate measures being taken (other than credit controls and the exchange rate system) for promotion of exports;
 - Steps being taken by the Government to reduce routine budget expenditures and to find alternative employment for redundant workers now on the government payroll.
 - To study the longer-run prospects of the Indonesian economy with particular reference to:
 - Increasing government revenues;
 - (b) Increasing exports;
 - (c) Foreign investment;
 - Meeting foreign financial obligations (including requirements for further rescheduling of foreign debt);

- (e) Savings prospects (including institutional factors), investment needs and net capital inflow requirements;
- (f) Population control, including transmigration and family planning;
- (g) Prospects for increasing the rate of economic growth over the next few years by appraising the general outlook in the major productive sectors of the economy.
- (3) To examine the projects which have been started but on which work has been slowed down or stopped, with a view to providing the Government with guidance as to the merits and priorities to these projects and thus facilitating decisions as to their disposition. In this connection, the mission should place special emphasis on the need to increase exports and reduce imports.
- (4) To make recommendations for rehabilitation in transportation, agriculture, industry and power, with due regard to financial and other constraints and priorities.
- (5) In the light of its findings under (3) and (4) above, the mission should estimate the amount of project and nonproject aid needed in 1968 and, to the extent possible, in 1969. The mission should also reach a conclusion whether the present set of priorities (agriculture, industry supporting agriculture, infra-structure, and mining, in that order) are appropriate to the needs and conditions of the economy.
- (6) In connection with its appraisal in the sectors referred to in (4) above, the mission should consider the types and sources of technical assistance which will be most beneficial, and the best mechanism for coordinating such assistance.
- (7) In respect of the transportation sector, consider what response should be made to the Government's inquiry as to whether the Bank would undertake to assist in a transportation survey for Indonesia. If its conclusions are that a positive response should be made to such a request, the mission should prepare proposed terms of reference for such a survey.
- (8) In view of Indonesia's financial, physical and human resources, administrative capacities, and economic organization, the mission should consider what type, time phasing and scope of economic planning would be appropriate to her situation. In this connection, the mission should:

- (a) Assess the effectiveness of Indonesia's planning procedures and organization for formulating and carrying out projects, programs and plans; budgetary procedures for giving effect to approved projects; and organizational and procedural aspects of policy formation for development.
- (b) When deemed necessary, propose practical procedures for:
 - the preparation and execution of projects;
 - (ii) the making of budgetary allocations and the maintenance of appropriate financial controls over approved projects and programs during their execution; and
 - (iii) the improvement of organization for formulating development policy. ~
- (c) Propose procedures and organization for implementing the mission's recommendations under (3) and (4) above.
- C. On its return to Washington the mission will prepare an economic report, combining its findings with those of the Reconnaissance Mission.
- The tentative composition of the mission is as follows:

Chief of Mission General Economist Power Fiscal National Accounts Agriculture Industrial Reconomist Transport Industry Industry Planning Advisor (part time) Albert Waterston

O. J. McDiarmid (to be determined) Jack Beach Walter Missorten George J. Novak Roger E. Rowe Martin Schrenk Hendrik van Helden George W. Naylor Judhvir Parmar

Asia Dept. -Asia Dept. -Projects Dept. IMF Economics Dept. -Projects Dept. -Economics Dept. Projects Dept. -Consultant IFC Development Services Dept.

Observer

Asia Development Bank

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INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVEL FORM No. 75 (2-601 --TERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NTERNATIONAL FINANCE Date ROUTING SLIP September 20, 1967 NAME ROOM NO. 845 Mr. Michael L. Hoffman To Handle Note and File Appropriate Disposition Note and Return Approval Prepare Reply Commen t Per Our Conversation Full Report Recommendation nformation Signature nitial Send On REMARKS , donasir Mr.5 kg From O. J. McDiarmid

INTERNATIONAL BANK F FORM No. 75 (2-60) NTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION Date ROUTING SLIP August 22, 1967 NAME ROOM NO. 845 Mr. Michael To Handle Note and File Appropriate Disposition Note and Return Approval Prepare Reply Comment Per Our Conversation Full Report Recommendation Information Signature Initial Send On REMARKS O. J. McDiarmid

Mr. Richard J. Kaptin Adesumrta Department of Finance Lespangen Besting Djakarta, Indonesia

Deer Mr. Kaptins

I hope that you are finding some appartunity to eatch up on your own work after the very generous assumt of time you devoted to looking after our mission. As I wrote the Minister of Finance a few days ago, we are most grateful for your help and also that of Mr. Socies.

I have not yet received the list of uncompleted projects that was being typed when we left Djakarta. I have that this list has now been finished and is on its way to me. It will be very important in planning our next mission. Although the plane for that mission are not yet final, I expect to be returning to Djakarta with a mamber of sector specialists and one or two other economists in the second half of October.

The purpose of the mission will be: (a) to employe the study of the current economic situation and prospects of Indonesia that was started by our recommissance mission; (b) to examine the projects which have been started but which have been aloued down or stopped in order to provide the Coverment suggestions as to the priorities of these projects; and (c) examine the problems and prospects for rehabilitation and/or now investments in industry, agriculture, transportation, and power.

On its return to Washington, the October mission will prepare an economic report on Indenesia, combining its findings with those of the recommissione mission.

I thought it would be useful if I gave you the above outline of what we would expect the Detober mission to accomplish. If you have any particular points to raise or add, I would appreciate bearing from you as soon as possible. After we have devoted some more time to eigenting the information gathered by the recommensance mission. I will probably have a number of questions to raise reporting additional information that would be needed by the next mission. I will try to send those to you well in advance, so that some work can be done on them prior to our agricult.

I do not know what further thought your people have given to the question of the trumpertation survey which was mentioned to me by Professor Widjejo. As I premised him, we are looking into this question and I would expect the October mission to some up with a firm recommendation as to the feasibility and the possible terms of reference for such a survey. As I emplained to Professor Widjejo, the Bank cannot finance a technical assistance project costing more than \$200,000 except on a last beats. The United Matieum Dovalesment Program (UNDP) is not so limited and is the first agency to be contacted to secure financing for such projects. The Bank semiines supervises the execution of projects financed by WHP. If you want us to discuss it with the UNDP in New York, please let us know. I mentioned it to Mr. Gritley, the U.M. Resident Representative in Djakarta. Of course, it takes several ments to get such a project approved and organized.

You may wish to show this letter to Professor Midjojo for his information or may possible comment.

Yours sincerely,

O. J. HaDiarmid Economic Advisor Asia Department

eet Heasra. Haren. Hoffman

Olliolitared dahe

KITTA Mr. McDiarwid August 21, 1967 Michael L. Hoffman Indonesia - Technical Assistance Thank you for the copy of your report on Indonesia. I have two comments and one query. I think you are right about our inability to coordinate technical assistance from a distance. However, it seems to me at this stage one thing that we could do is to build into our forthcoming report, which you rightly say should be addressed primarily to the Indonesian government, a strong element of advice on priorities on major technical assistance inputs and also advice on how they should organise themselves to regulate those inputs. With the mission you have in mind, it ought to be possible to produce quite a bit of useful guidance if each member is instructed to keep this in mind as he examines his sector. With respect to the transportation survey, I do not see why it would not be appropriate to start right now helping them draft a request to the UMDP for assistance. Did you discuss this with the Resident Representative? Perhaps we abould inquire in New York as to what they have coming in from Indenesia and indicate that we think they ought to leave room for substantial transport survey in the next year or two. Please let us know if you want us to do this. 3. What are your present thoughts about a Waterston mission? Mr. Corrill mentioned some time ago that he would like such a mission sometime. As you know, Mr. Domath has said that before approving Waterston missions we would like to be assured that the Area Department in question is making provision for suitable follow-up work. Perhaps we should discuss this. MLHoffman stab

Mesers. Gilmartin. Mason and McDiarwid Raymond J. Goodnan Mr. Sharwood Pime, newly appointed Director of the Indonesia Office of AID (and fermerly a senior official of O.E.C.D.), telephoned me teday to say that he had just returned from a month in Diekarta and to inquire, among other things, about the Bank's plans for sending a mission to Indenesia. He said that United States officials in Indenesia had been receiving so many requests for assistance, most of them rather fanciful, that Mr. Stokes Telbert, with his agreement, had asked that a U.S. mission be sent there, consisting of two or three general economists and a number of sector specialists, to prepare a report on Indonesia's plane and requirements. However, their suggestion had been rejected in Washington on the grounds that this kind of analysis would be better undertaken by the World Bank and that the United States did not want to do snything which would prejudice what they hope will be the Bank's leading role in regard to Indonesia. He was anxious to know our plans so that in writing to Mr. Tolbert he would not have to appear totally megative. I told him breadly where we stood.

In this compection, Mr. Fine said he thought there was a crying need to coordinate technical assistance activities in and fer Indonesia, and wendered whether the Bank would undertake this task. I told him that we would not, and he did not seem unduly surprised.

To out short what promised to become a lang conversation, I invited Mr. Fine to come to the Bank next week for a faller discussion of the Indonesian situation and the possible scope of our involvement there. He said that his recent visit had given him some useful information and ideas which he would be glad to share with us. He will call on me on Thursday, May 15th, at 10:00 a.m.; if you are free please join me.

oct Mr. Demurth

Indonesia

RJGoodman typg

FORM No. 57

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO:

Mr. R. H. Demuth

DATE:

November 13, 1968

FROM:

Gordon M. Street

SUBJECT:

Correspondence on Indonesia

Please have one copy of all correspondence of your department regarding Indonesia sent to Mr. Ziegler in Room 609 for transmittal to Mr. Bell's office in Djakarta.