

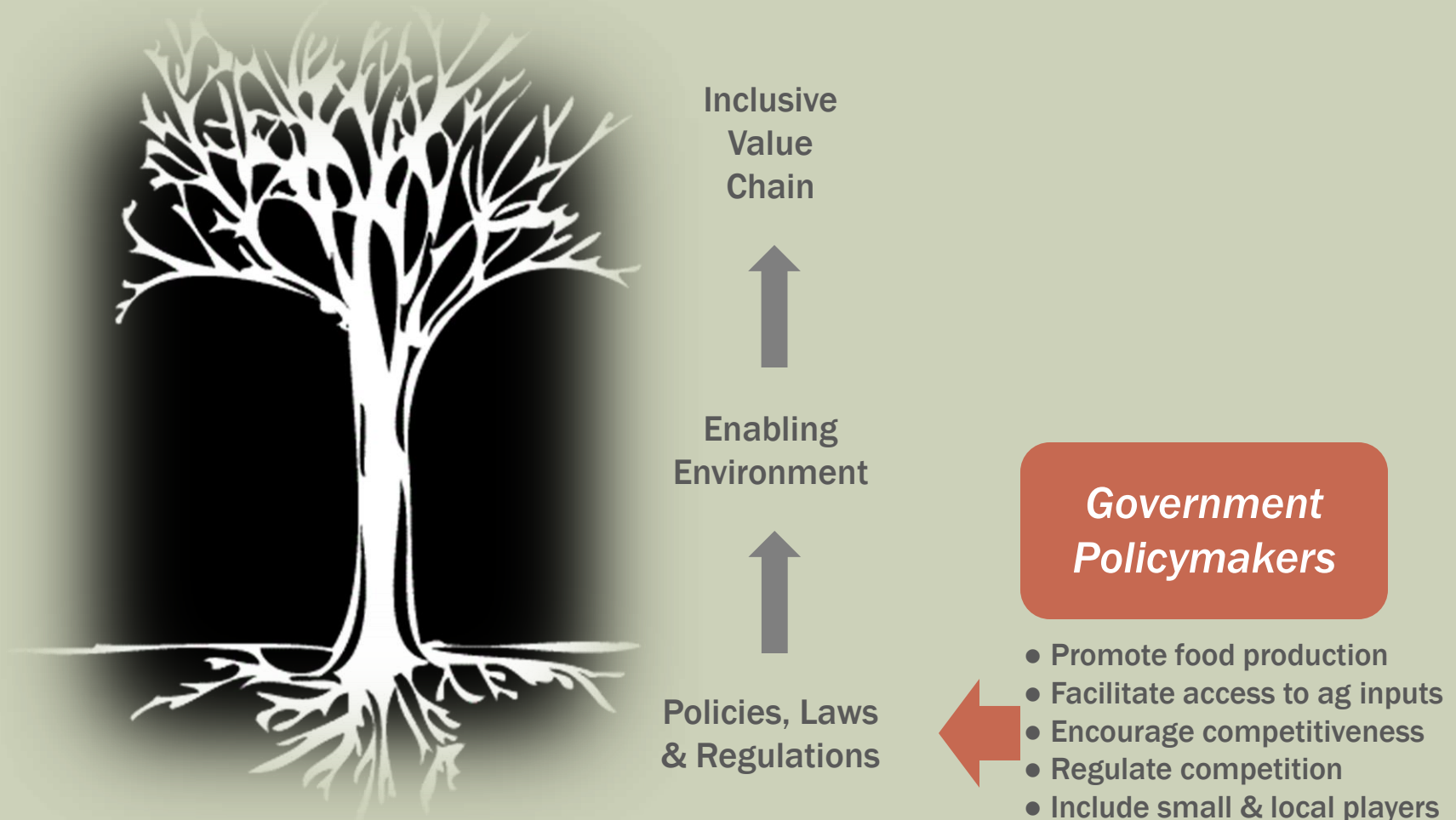
BUILDING ON LEARNINGS

BENCHMARKING THE BUSINESS OF AGRICULTURE

GROWTH OF FOOD DEMAND



ROLE OF GOVERNMENT POLICIES & REGULATIONS



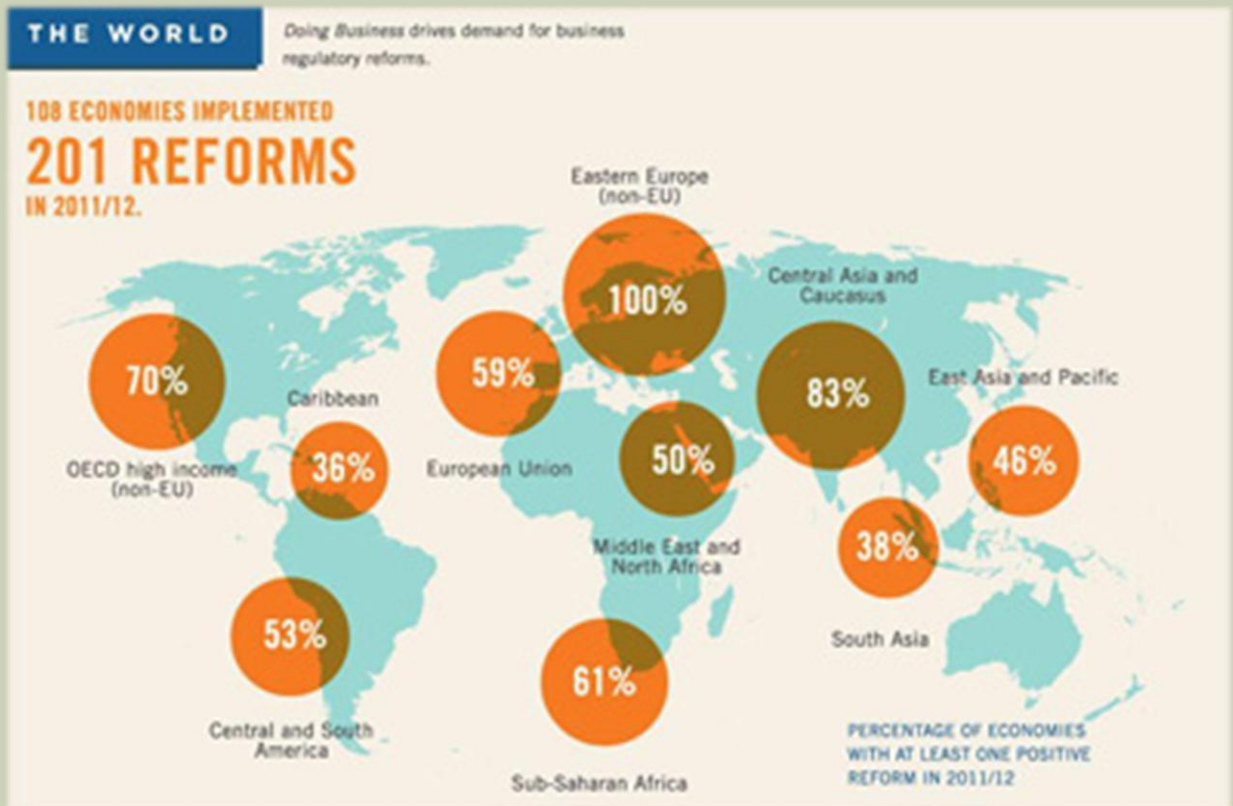
THE VALUE OF BENCHMARKING



You [Socrates] have discovered the reasons why some farmers are so successful that husbandry yields them all they need in abundance, and others are so inefficient that they find farming unprofitable. I should like to hear the reasons in each case, in order that we may do what is good and avoid what is harmful.

Xenophon, 4th Century BC

THE VALUE OF BENCHMARKING



BBA: A TOOL FOR IMPROVED POLICYMAKING

Benchmarking the Business of Agriculture aims to **identify and monitor policies and regulations** that can foster an **enabling environment** for the local and regional business of agriculture and **encourage and inform policy changes** that support **inclusive participation in agricultural markets**.



- Comparable and actionable indicators
- Identify good practices
- Motivate reforms

TIMELINE

**Concept
development,
consultations
& preparation**

**10 pilot
countries**

**10 pilot
+
30 new
countries**

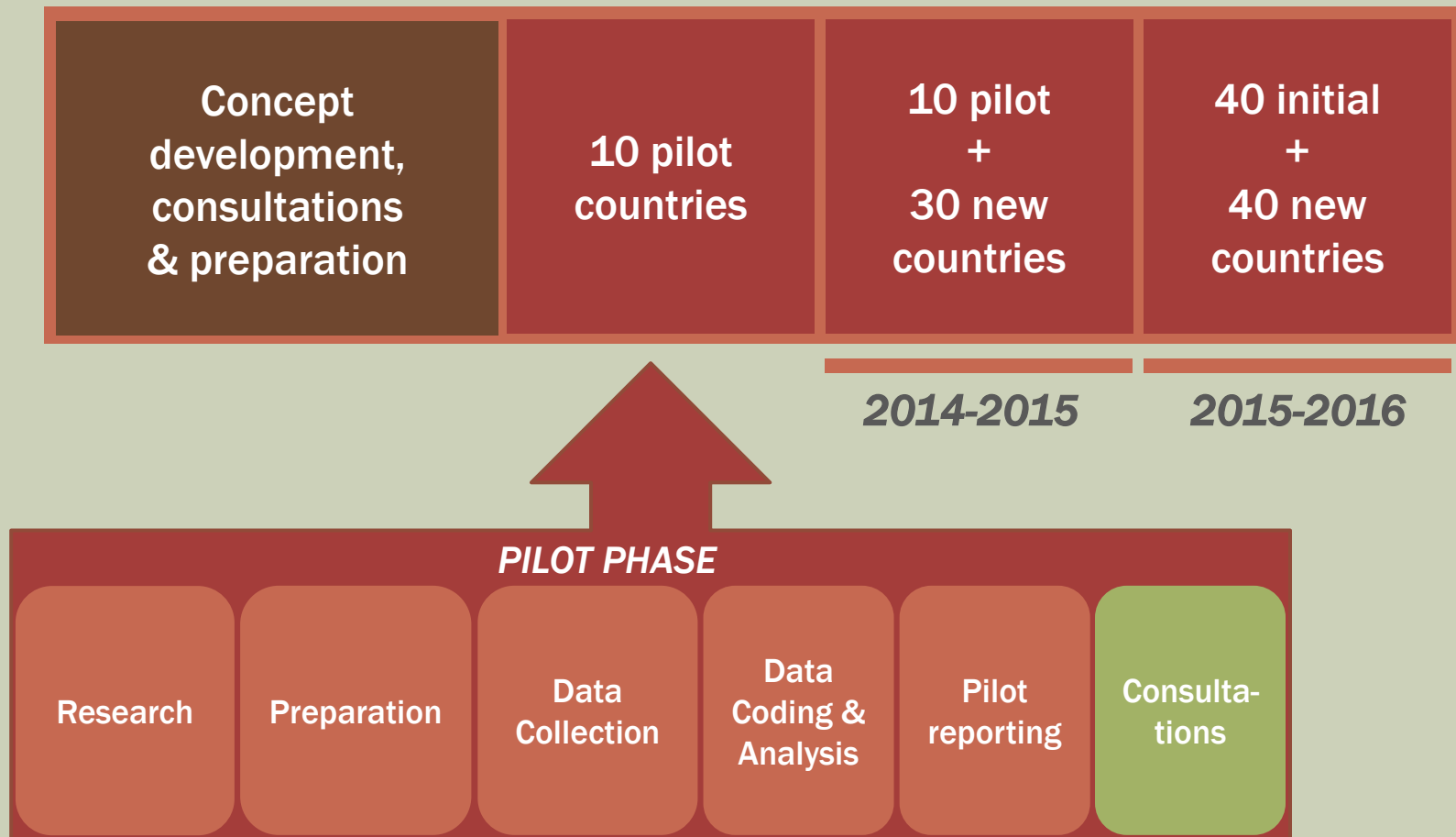
**40 initial
+
40 new
countries**

2013-2014

2014-2015

2015-2016

TIMELINE



THEMATIC COVERAGE



**Access to
Agricultural
Inputs
(Seeds,
Fertilizer,
Machinery)**



**Access to
Agricultural
Finance**



**Access to
Transport &
Storage**



**Access to
Agricultural
Land**



**Access to
Markets
(Domestic,
Regional,
Contract
Farming)**



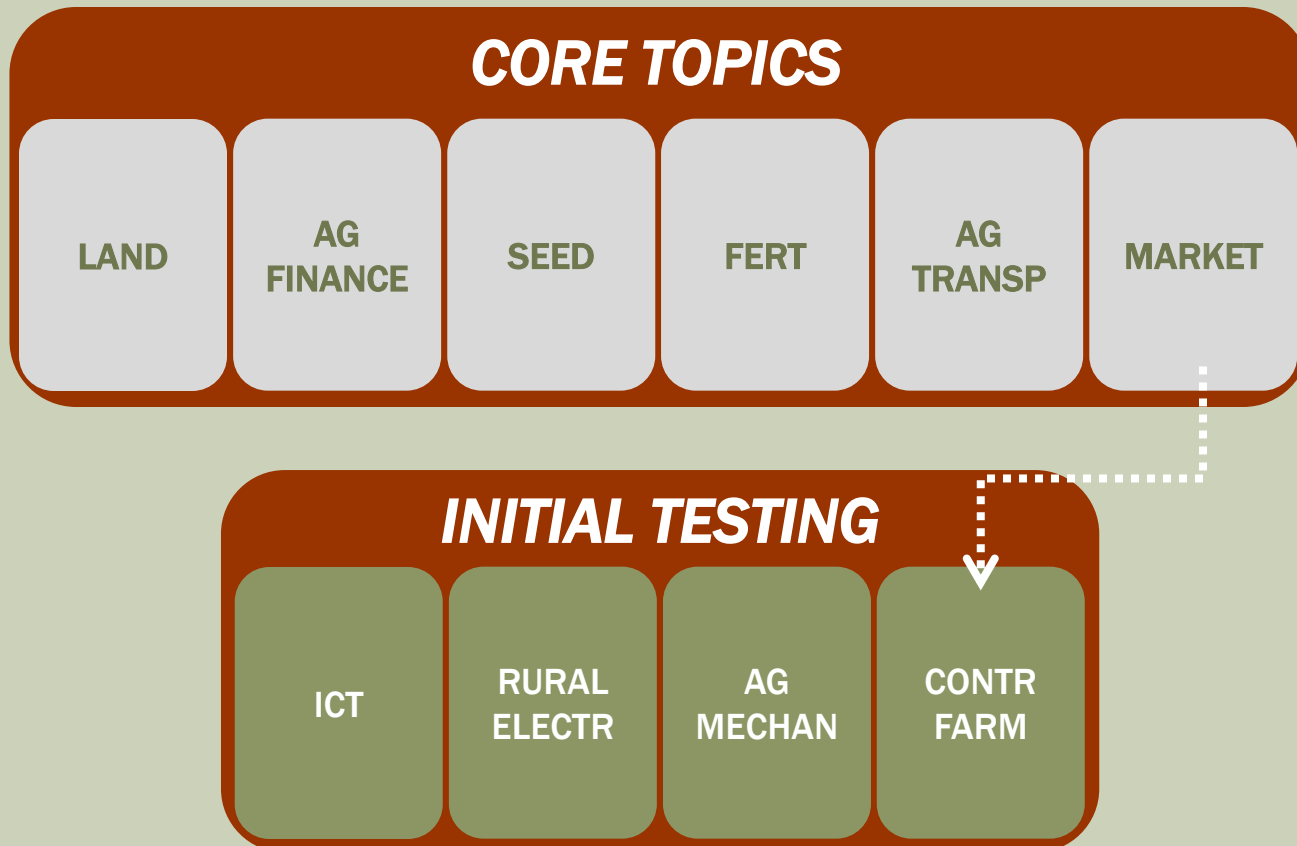
**Access to
Water**



**Rural
Electricity &
ICT**

Benchmarking the Business of Agriculture

THEMATIC COVERAGE

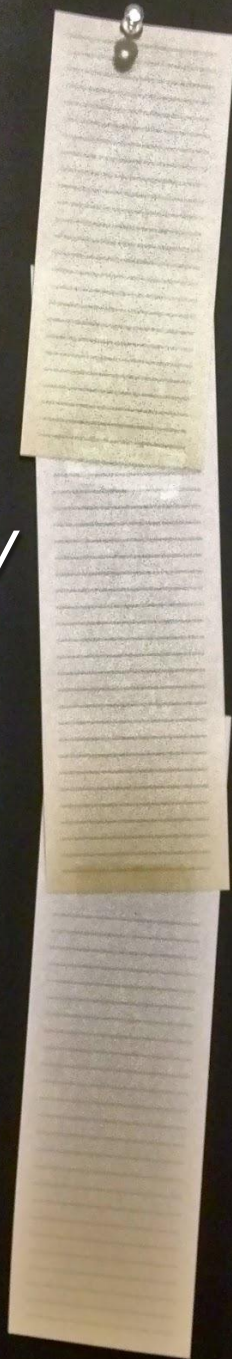


TECHNICAL NOTE

Literature
Experts
Advisors



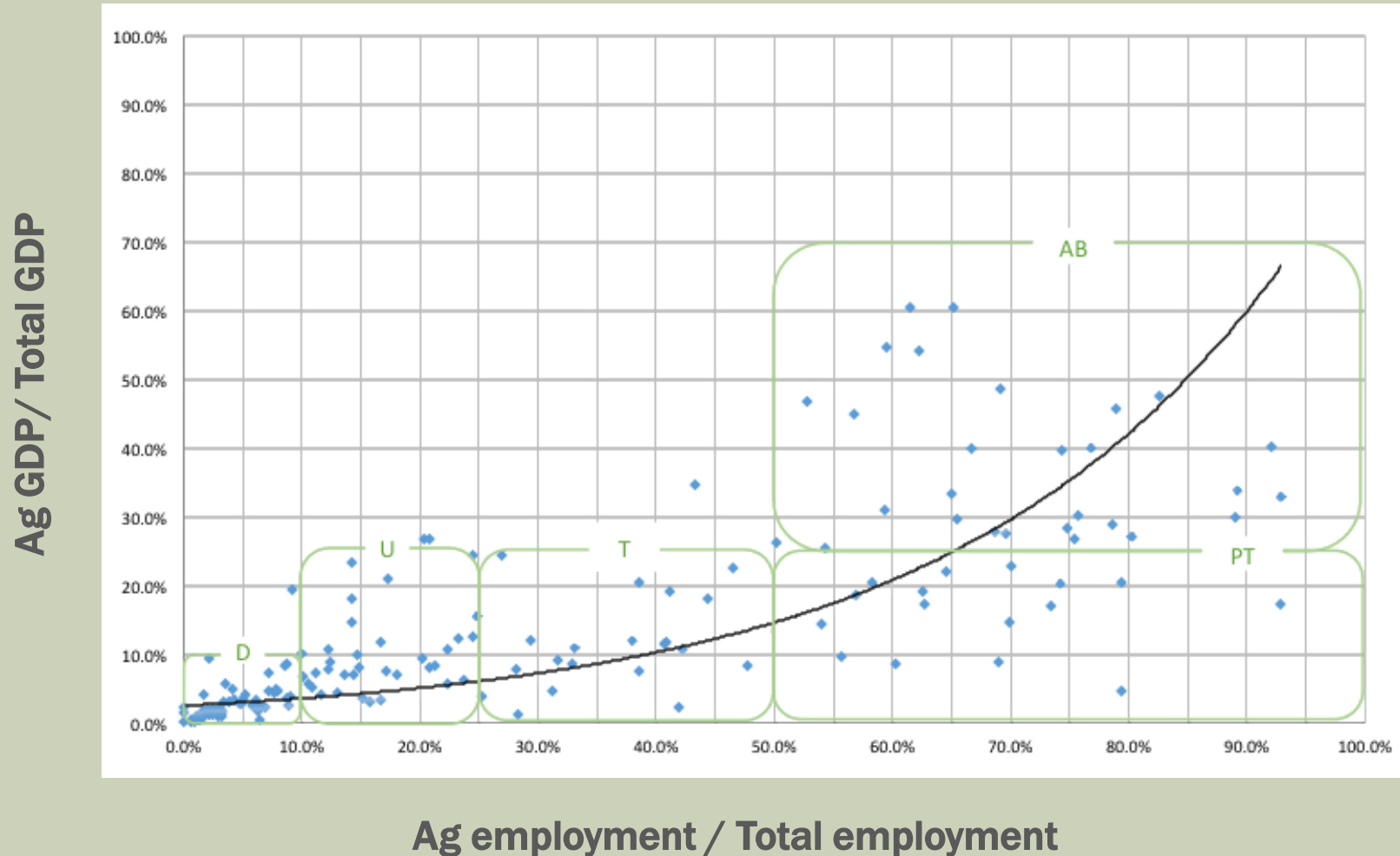
INDICATOR AREAS/ DATA POINTS





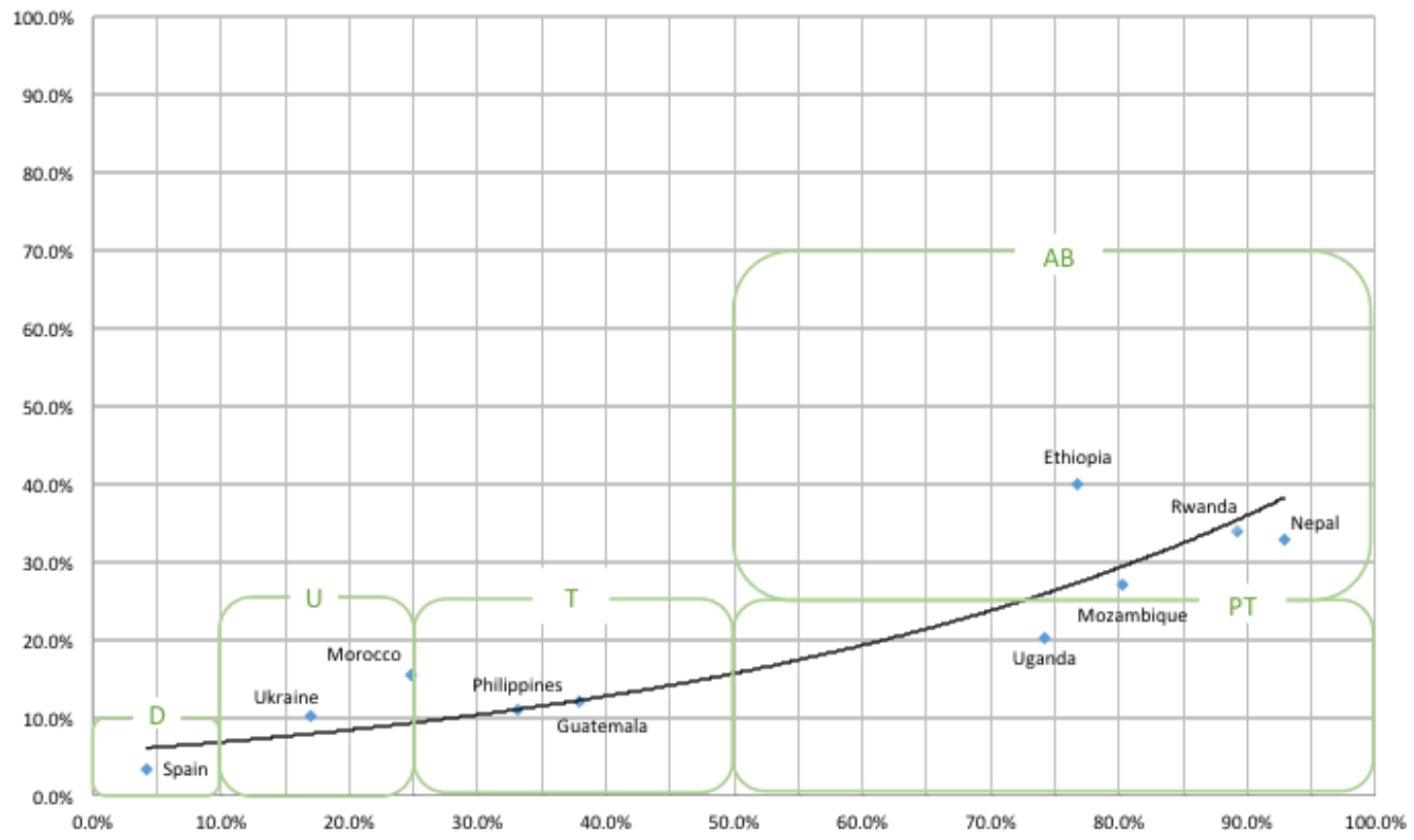
QUESTIONNAIRES

COUNTRY SELECTION



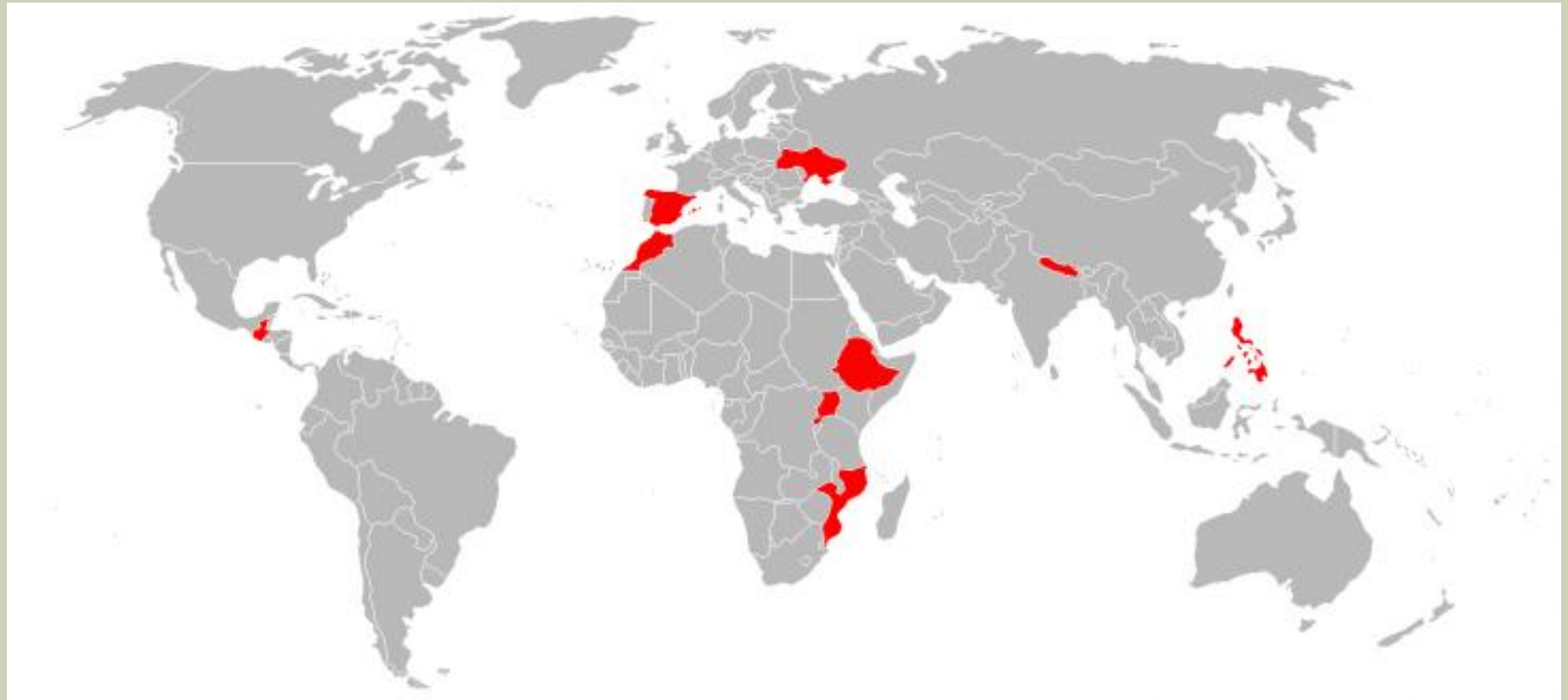
COUNTRY SELECTION

Ag GDP / Total GDP



Ag employment / Total employment

COUNTRY SELECTION





- **Government institutions**
- **Companies**
- **Associations**
- **Academia**
- **Research institutions**
- **NGOs/farmer organizations**

CONTRIBUTORS

COUNTRY VISITS

November 2013

Guatemala

December 2013

Morocco, Ukraine, Rwanda

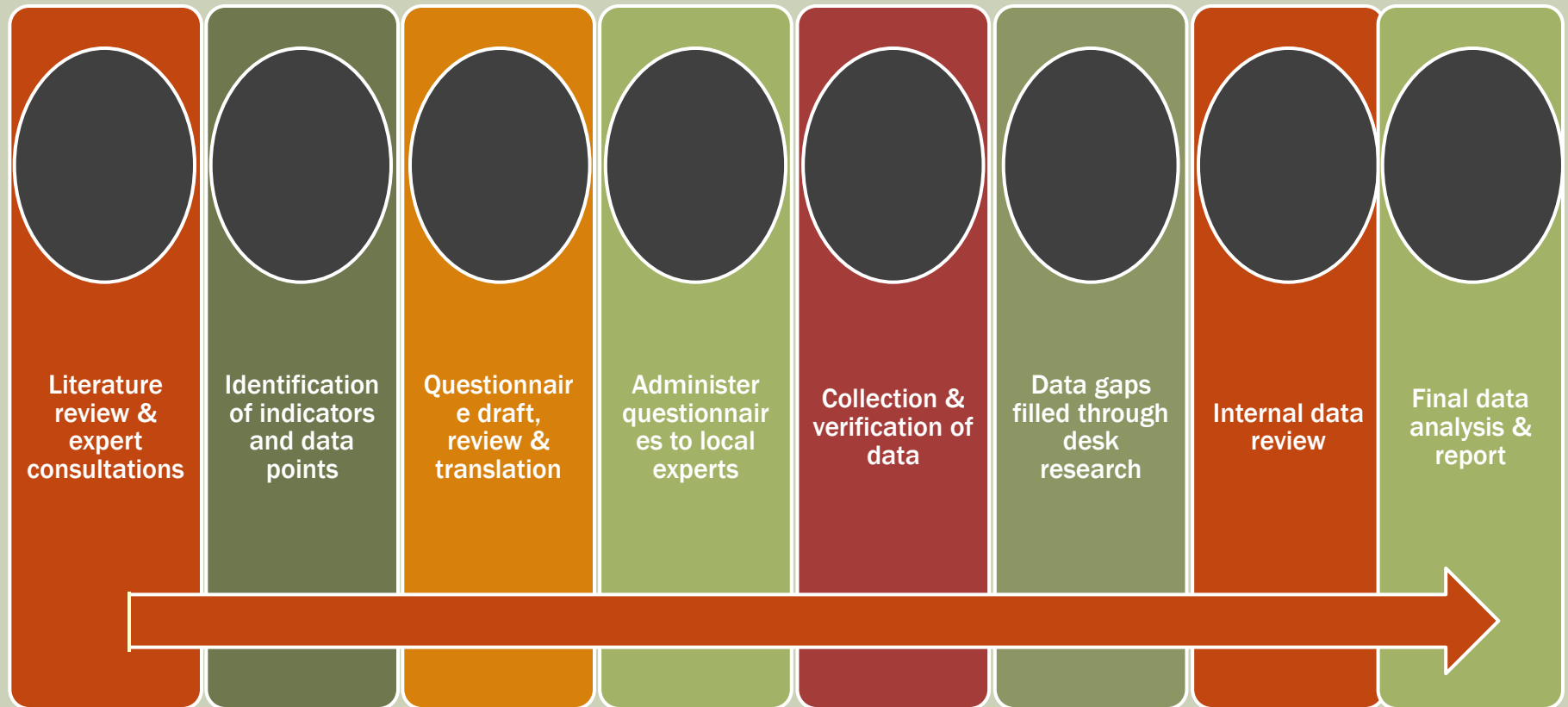
February 2014

Ethiopia, Philippines, Mozambique

March 2014

Nepal, Uganda, Spain

DESIGN TO ANALYSIS



DATA COLLECTION CHALLENGES

- **Unavailability** of data (laws, regulations, metrics)
- Statistical **unreliability** or weakness of data
- **Incomparability** of data (varying collection methodology)
- **Reluctance** to provide certain information
- **Limited contributor base** to verify data (time & motion)
- Specific **case study assumptions** need to be refined for time and motion indicators
- **Extensive follow up** to obtain data

LEARNINGS

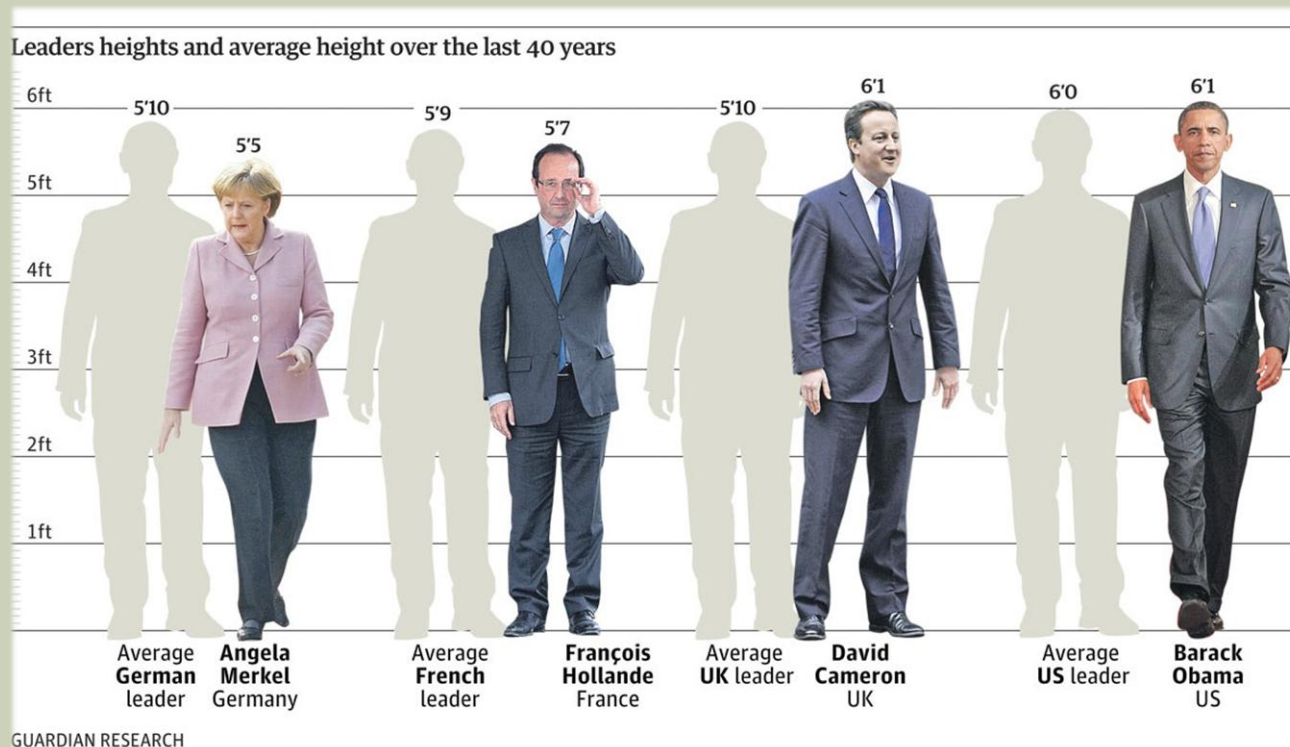
VOLUME OF DATA POINTS



The important vs. the most important

LEARNINGS

ROBUST AND COMPARABLE MEASUREMENTS

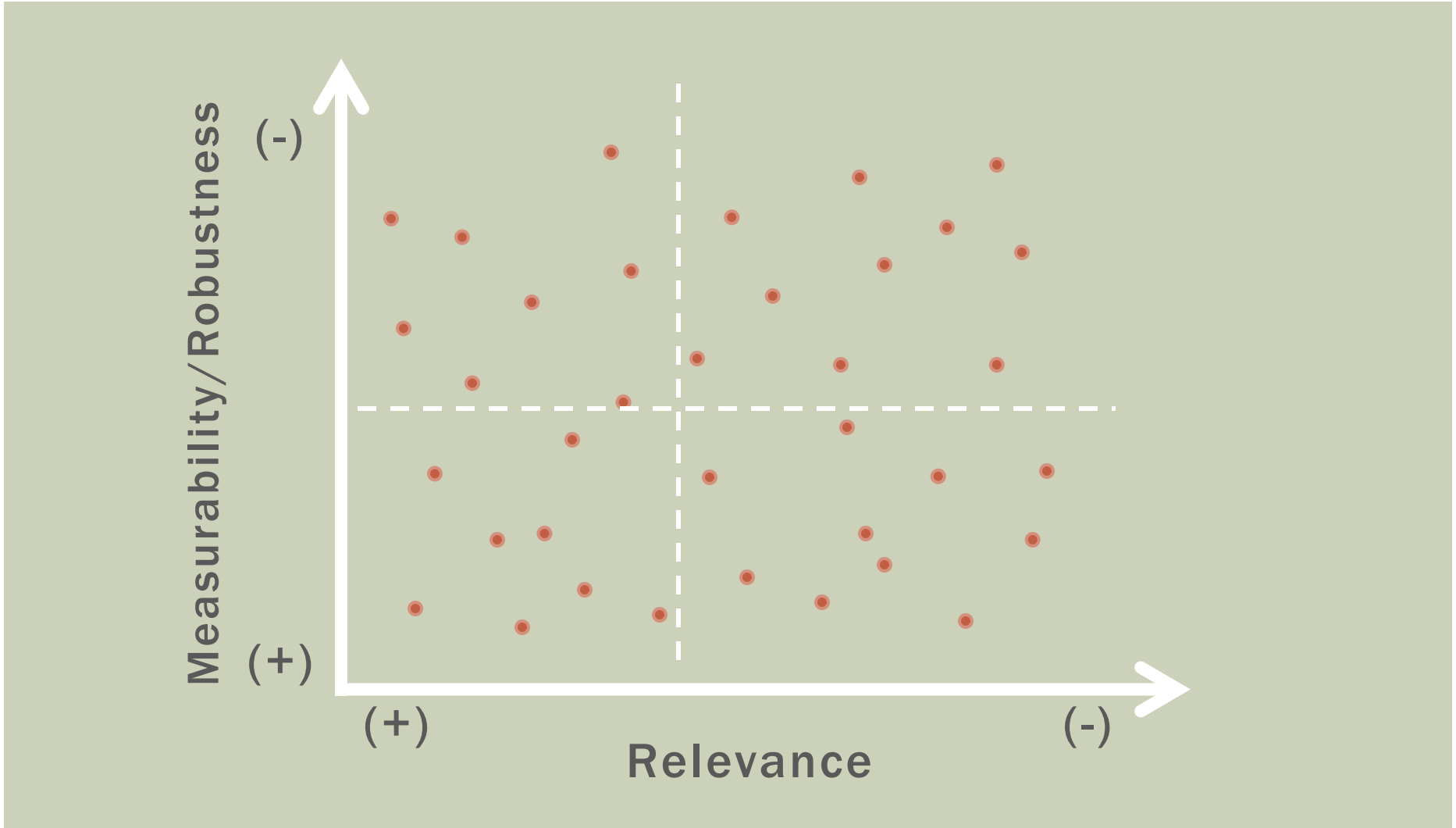


LEARNINGS

DATA COLLECTION WISDOM

- **Interaction/relationship with contributor**
- **Length of questionnaire**
- **Prepopulating surveys**

LEARNINGS



LEARNINGS : AG TRANSPORT

(TRUCKING SERVICES)

Starting trucking company	☑
Licensing requirements/procedures	✓
Market structure	x
Pricing regulation & freight allocation	✓
Transport prices and costs	x
Axle-load regulation and inspections	✓
Road blocks, tolls and fees	x
International agreements	☑
Foreign trucking competition	✓
Accessing appropriate vehicles	x
Road quality, access and density	☑
Rural roads financing	x
Agricultural storage	☑



LEARNINGS : AG TRANSPORT

(TRUCKING SERVICES)

Licensing of truck operations

Pricing regulation/
freight allocation

Axle load regulations

Foreign trucking competition

Monitoring of road access,
density and quality



LEARNINGS : ACCESSING FINANCIAL SERVICES



Collateral laws	✓
Average loan cost	x
Average interest rates	x
Deposit insurance schemes	x
# mobile banking users	x
% agricultural loans	x
E-money regulations	☑
Asset risk weighting	x
Regulation of financial intermediaries	☑
# loans secured by movable collateral	x
Warehouse receipt systems	☑
# of bank branches in rural areas	x
Microinsurance schemes	x

LEARNINGS : ACCESSING FINANCIAL SERVICES



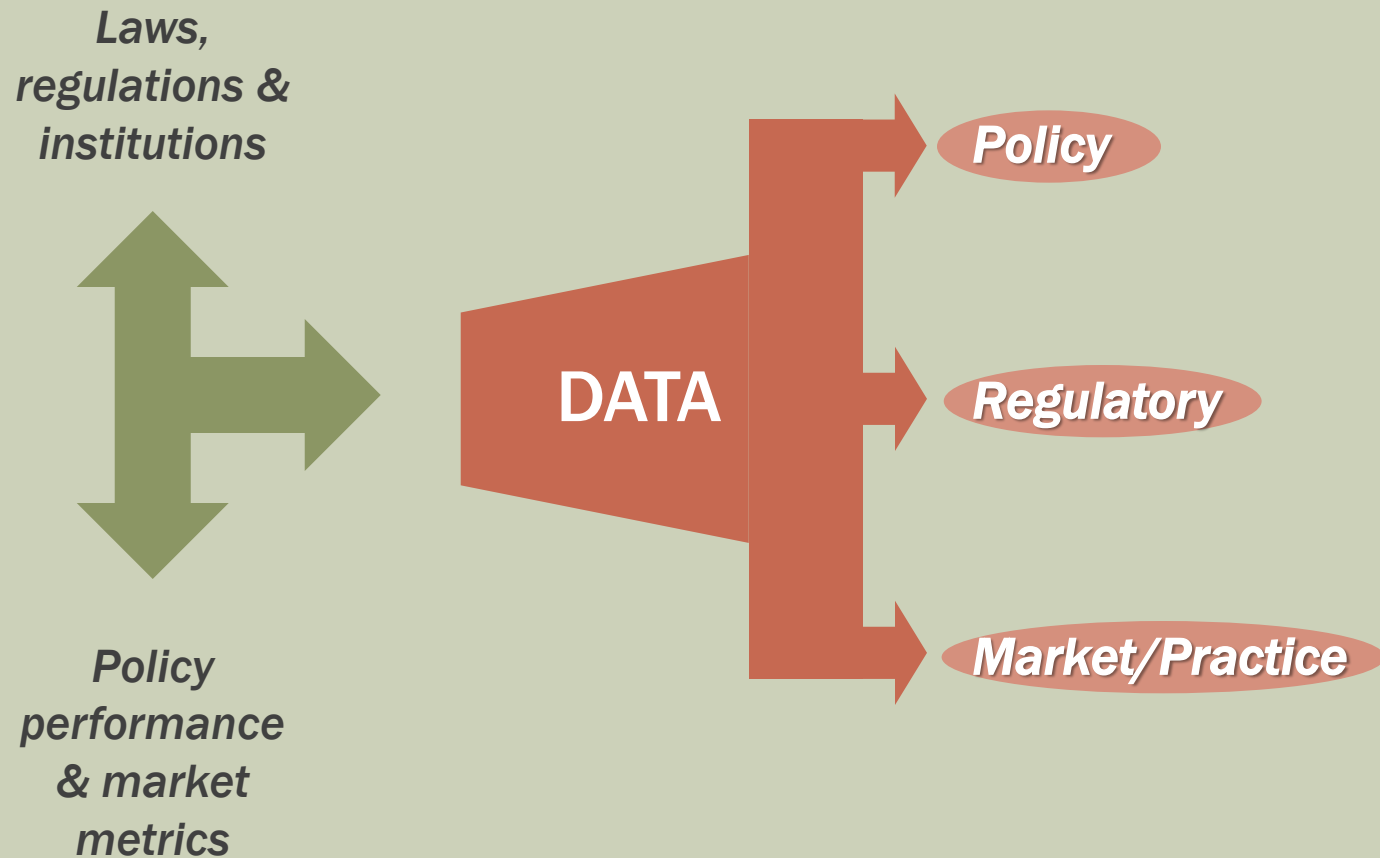
Collateral laws

E-money regulations

Regulation of financial intermediaries

Warehouse receipt systems

DATA CLASSIFICATION



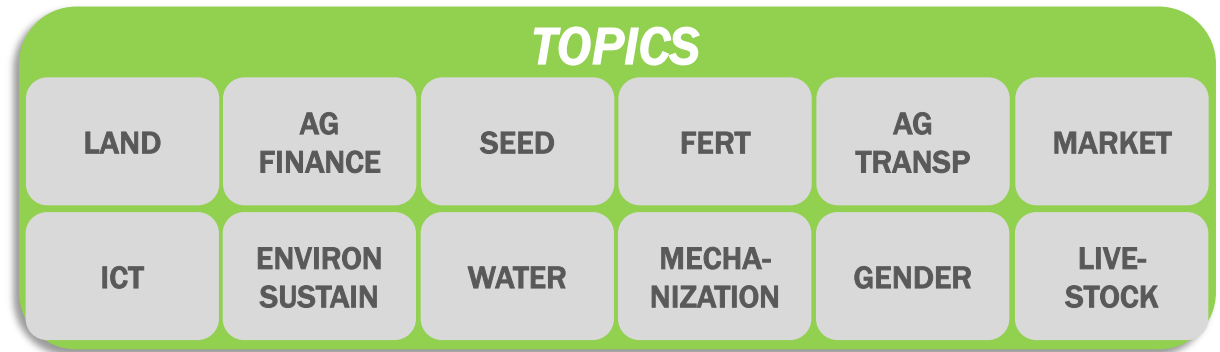
CONSULTATIVE/FEEDBACK PROCESS

- Methodological approach
- Analysis of indicators
- Contributor strategy



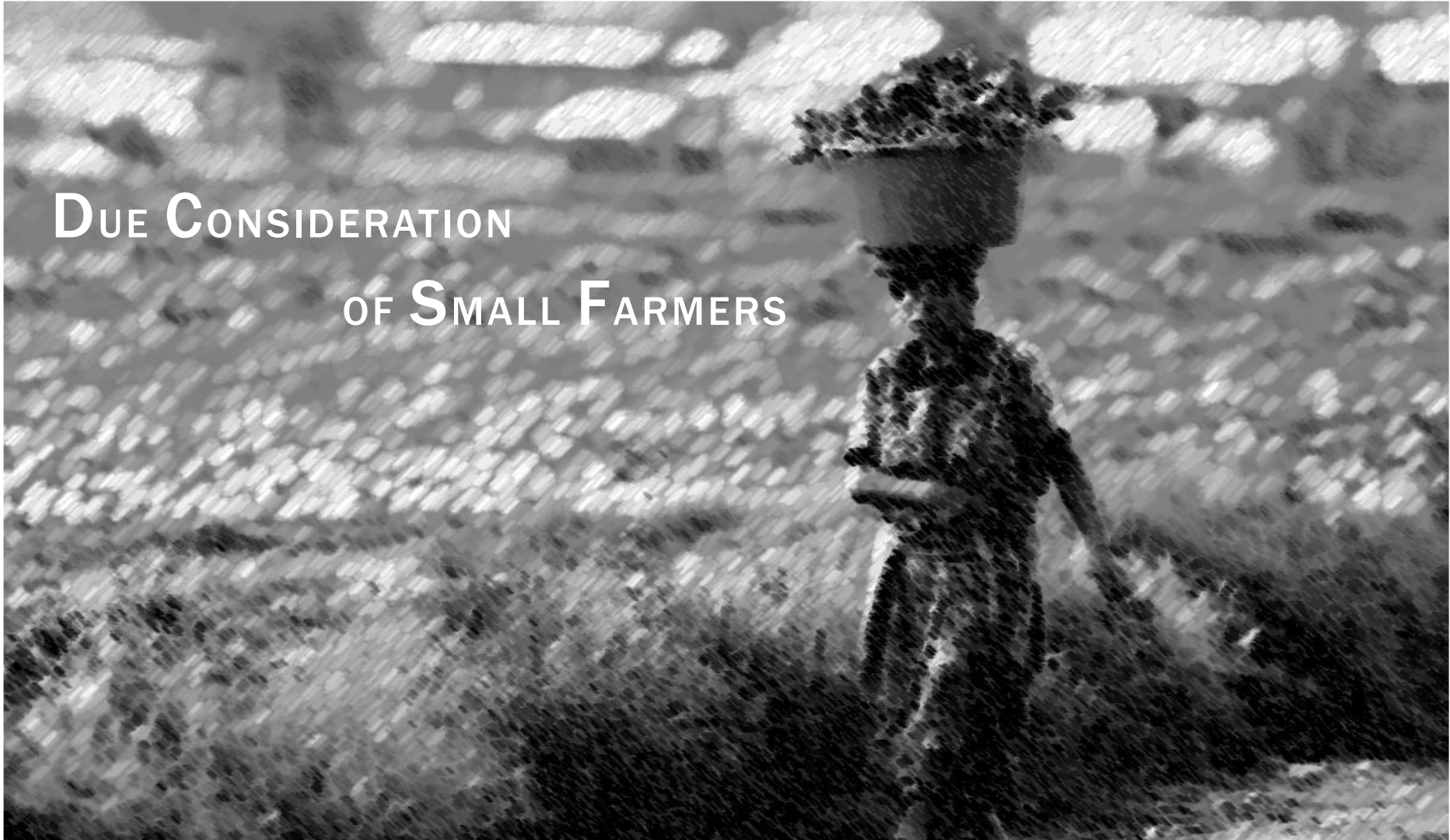
LOOKING FORWARD

SCALE UP



LOOKING FORWARD

DUE CONSIDERATION
OF SMALL FARMERS



LOOKING FORWARD

BUILD & REFIN INDICATORS

Challenge of
choosing indicators
that are:

- most **relevant** in determining “enability” of environment
- **measurable** and statistically **robust**
- fully **comparable**
- distinctively address market linkages/opportunities for **smaller farmers**



PROCESS IN MOTION



TECHNICAL NOTE

INDICATORS / DATA POINTS

QUESTIONNAIRES

PROCESS IN MOTION

2014-2015 IMPLEMENTATION

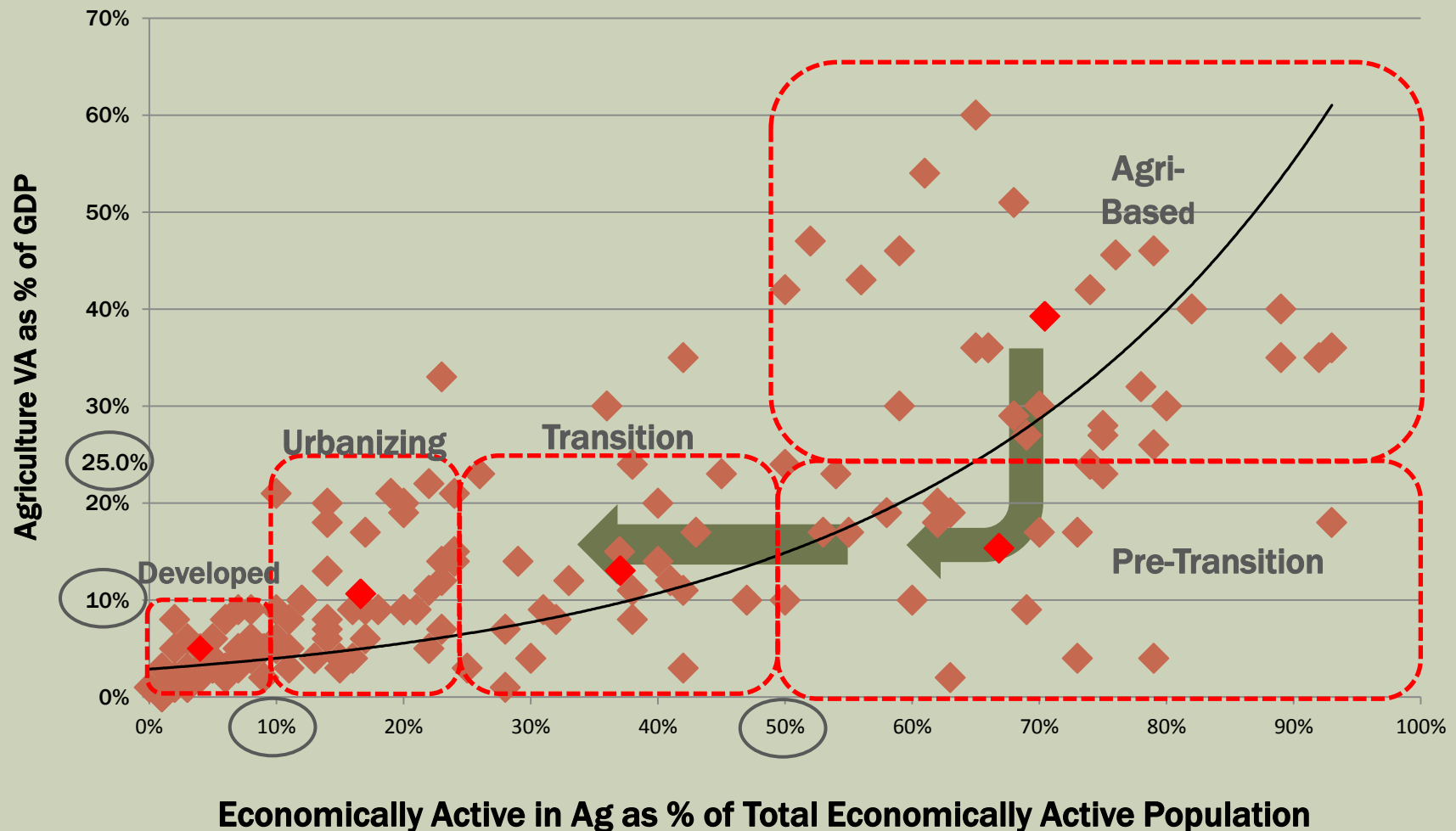
Preparation

Remote
data
collection

Remote
+
In country
data collection

Data
coding &
analysis

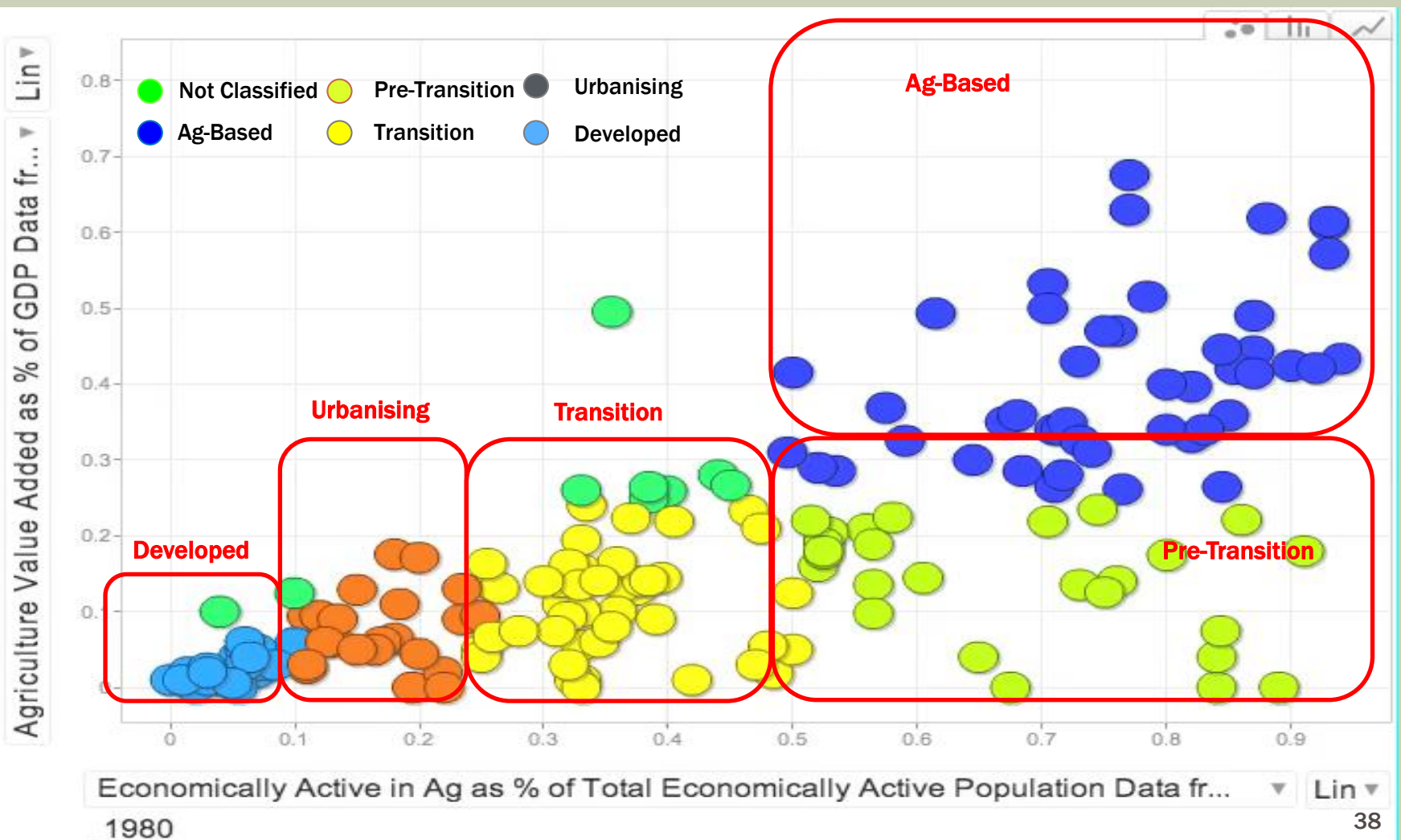
THE AGRICULTURAL TRANSFORMATION MATRIX (ATM)



ATM Segment Parameters

	Ag-Based	Pre-Trans	Trans	Urbanisin g	Developed	Total
Ag VA % Tot	40 %	11%	12%	9 %	2 %	5 %
Ag Empl % Tot	72%	59 %	40 %	19 %	4 %	42 %
AG VA/cap PPP\$	387	521	514	682	519	533
Other VA/cap	588	4,369	3,836	6,577	27,467	9,346
Tot GDP/cap	975	4,879	4,350	7,256	27,986	9,879
Ag VA/Ag wrkr PPP\$	1,236	1,727	2,868	8,770	30,588	2,747
AG Cap Stk/Ag wrkr	715	658	1,408	5,436	37,711	1,710
% at/ below \$2 IPL	36 %	32%	14 %	6 %	0 %	

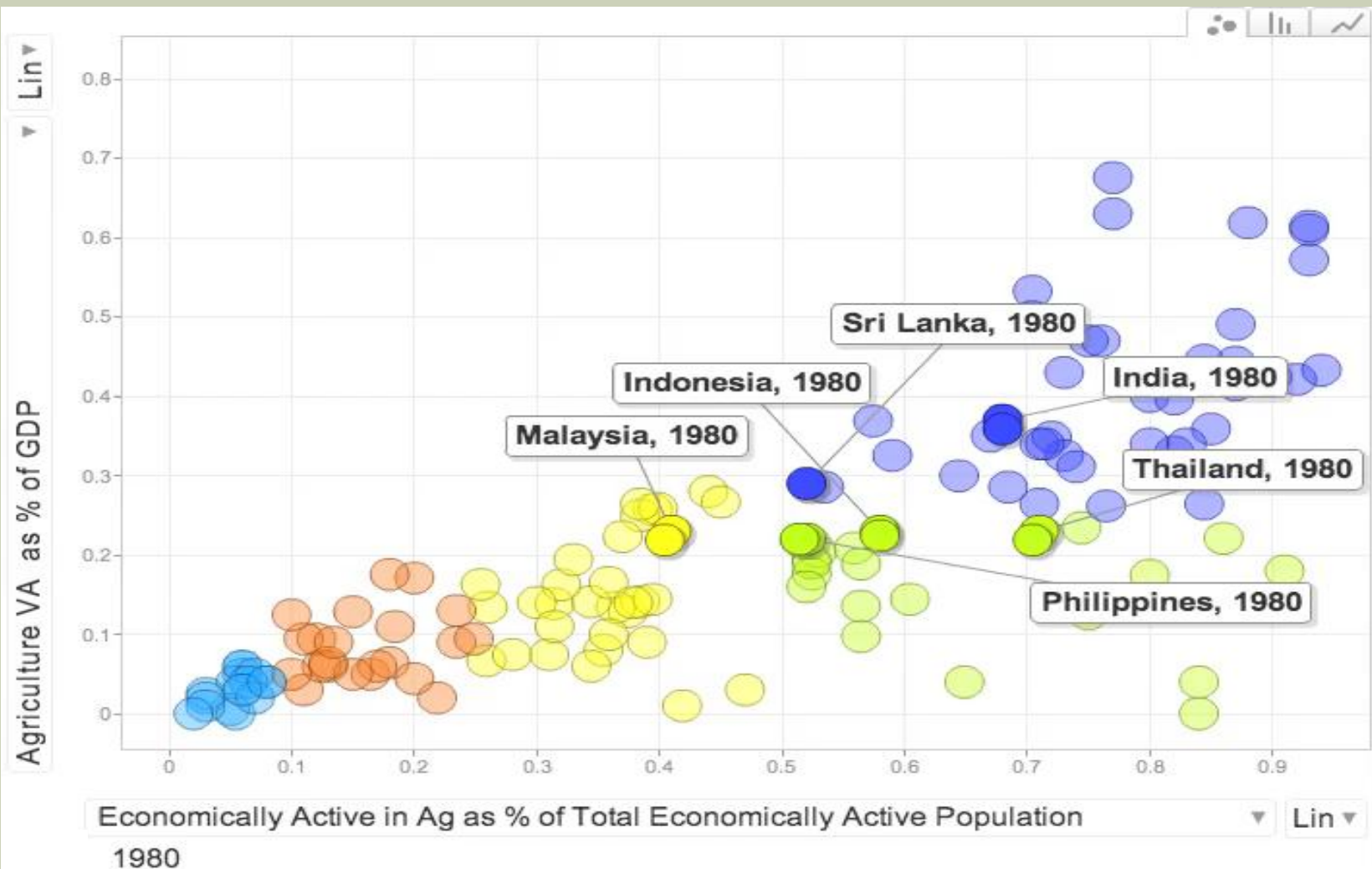
Global



Sub Saharan Africa

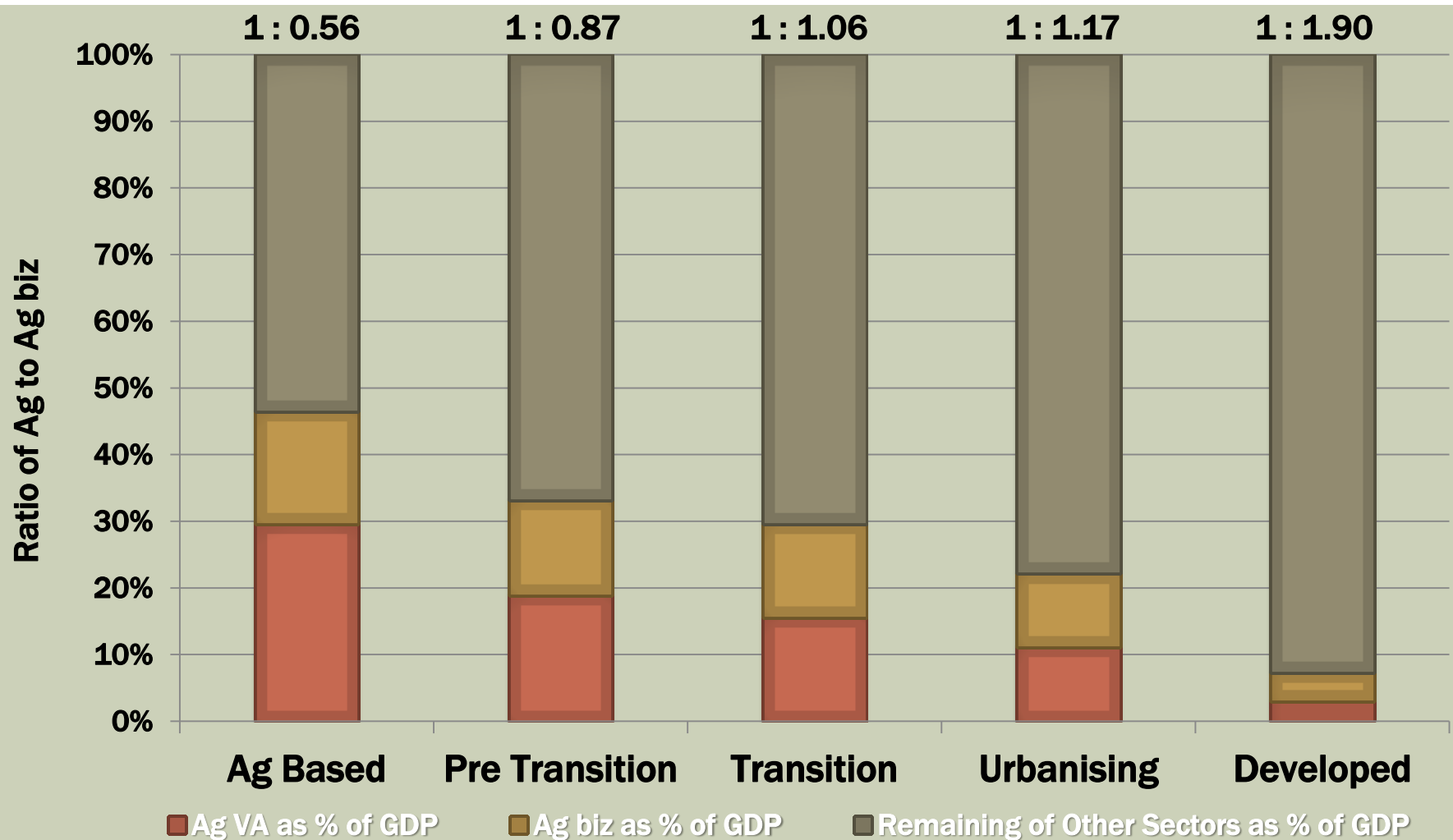


South Asia

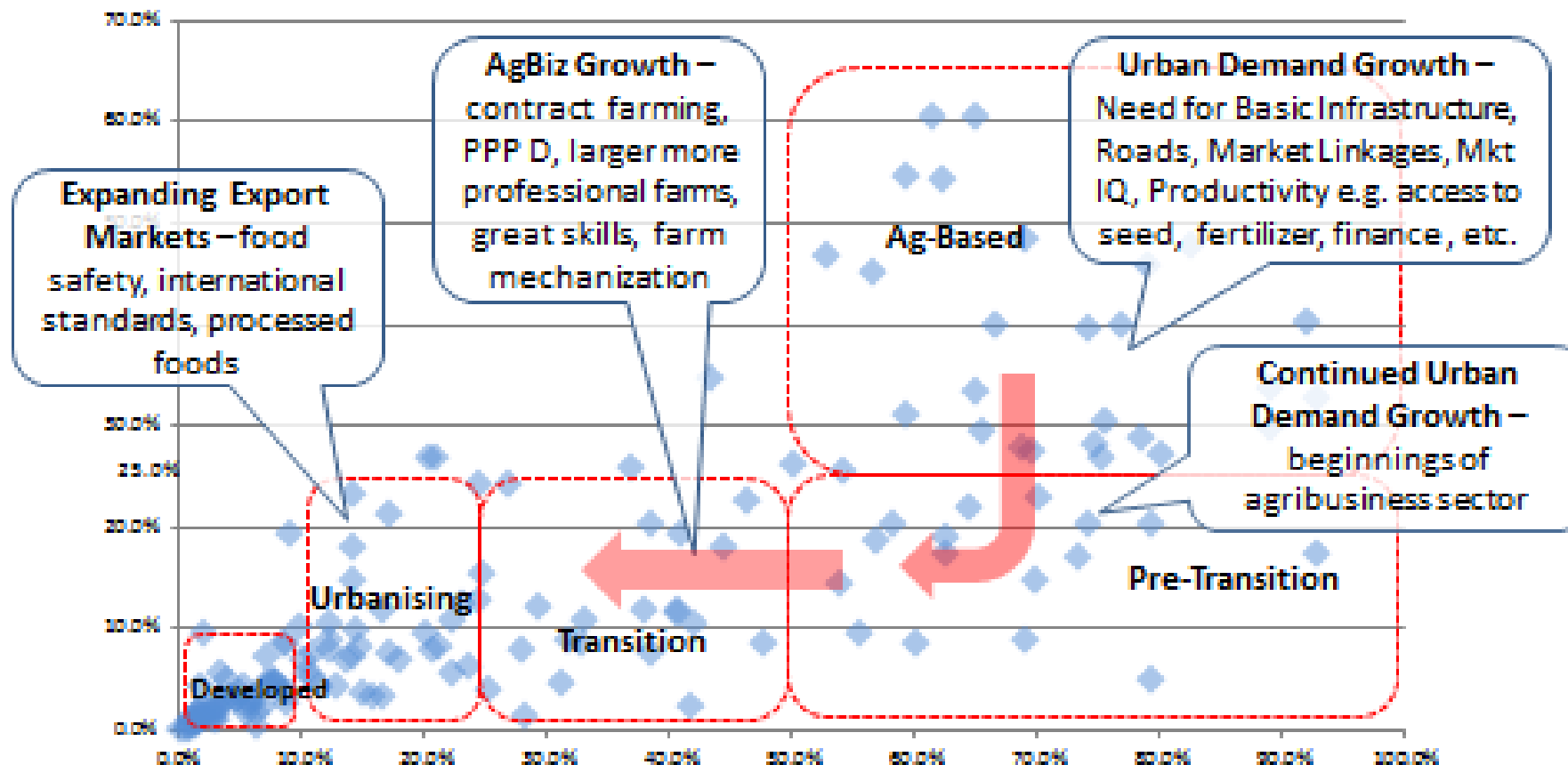


AGRICULTURAL VA AND AGRIBUSINESS VA

(AS % OF GDP, AND THEIR RATIO TO ONE ANOTHER)



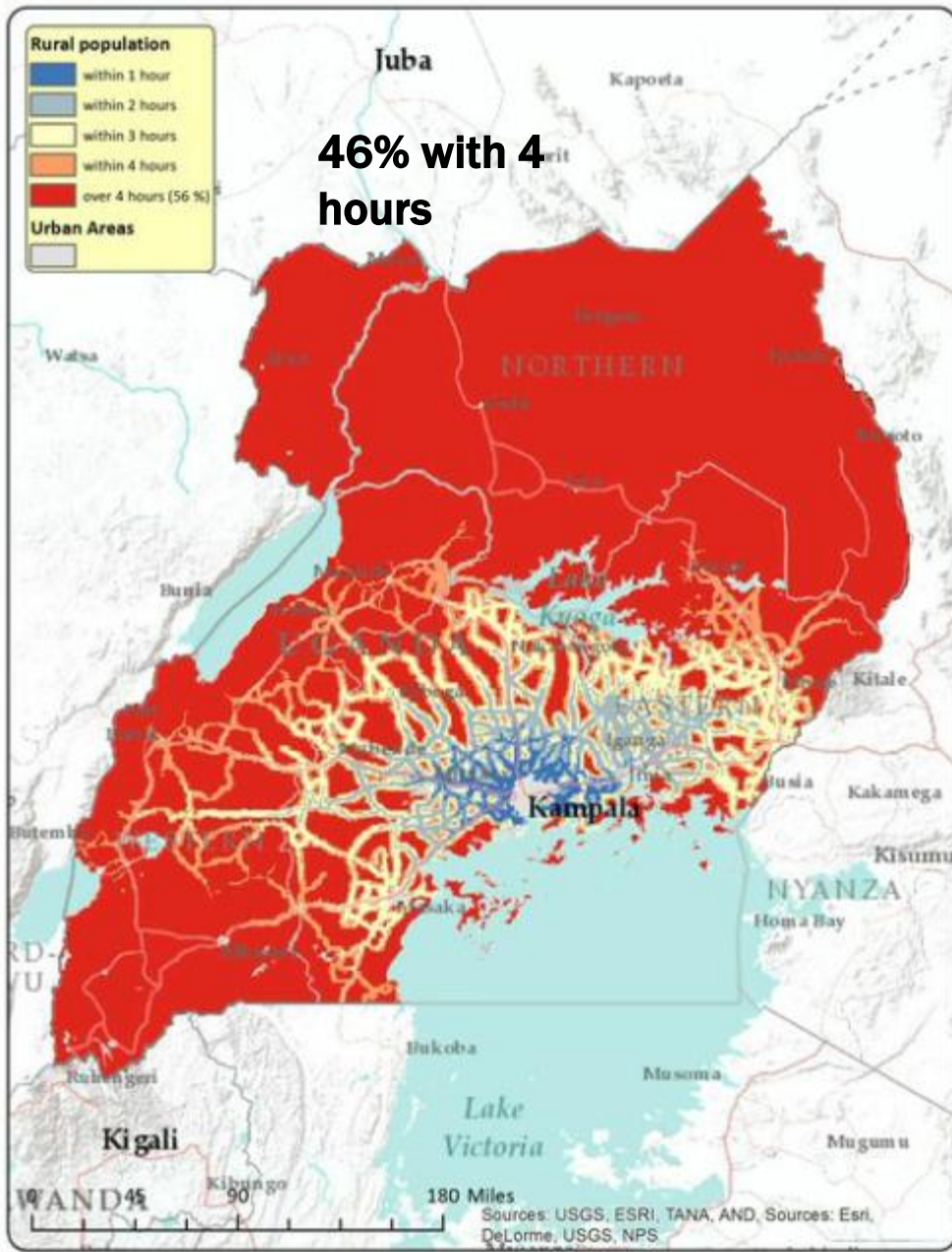
POLICY IMPLICATIONS FROM THE ATM



Rural population & travel time
to the nearest city over 250 k in population



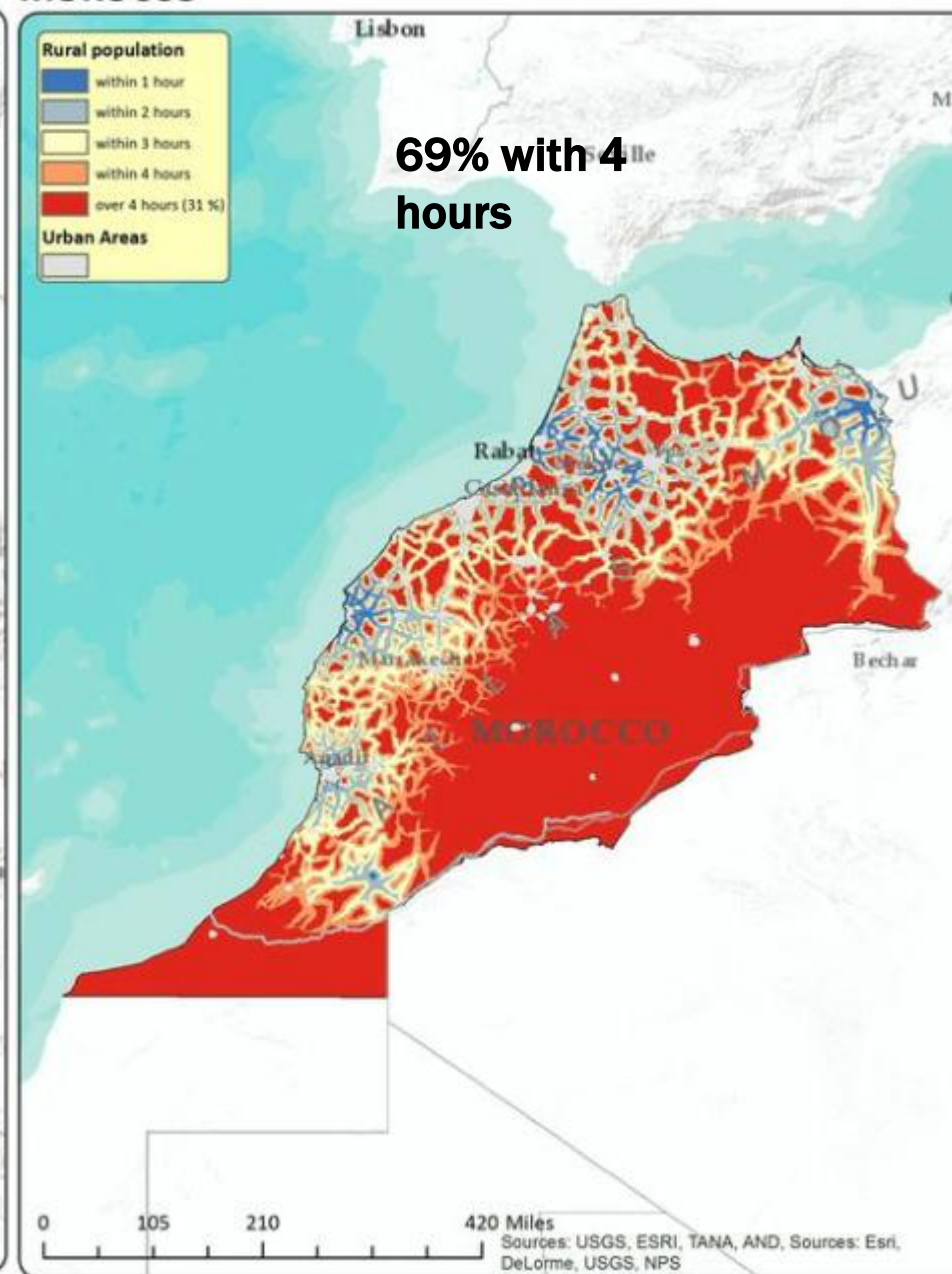
UGANDA



Rural population & travel time
to the nearest city over 250 k in population



MOROCCO



BUILDING ON LEARNINGS

BENCHMARKING THE BUSINESS OF AGRICULTURE

Thank you