

*Financial Sector Advisory Center (FinSAC) Conference on Fintech*  
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## Session 5: Addressing Operational Risk in the Fintech Environment

Panelists:

- Silvia Senabre, Banco de España
- Komitas Stepanyan, Central Bank of Armenia
- Wiebe Ruttenberg, European Central Bank (ECB)
- David Papuashvili, National Bank of Georgia

Moderator: Mario Guadamillas, World Bank

# Key Issues for Discussion

I. Cyber-risk: regulatory approach and ensuring information sharing

II. Accountability and coordination

III. Third party providers and outsourcing

IV. Financial Markets Infrastructures (FMIs) and cyber resilience oversight

# Regulatory approach and ensuring information sharing

- **How is cyber risk different from other types of operational risk? Is there a need to issue specific laws, regulations or guidelines dealing with cyber risk? Should the principle of proportionality be applied to cyber risk regulations?**
- **How to ensure information sharing across different types of counterparts (IT experts, supervised institutions, supervisors,...) that may require different “lexikons”?**
- **How to properly define risk categories and impact of incidents through a taxonomy (e.g., EBA 2016)?**
- **Should information sharing be voluntary or mandatory? What incentives can be effective for information sharing?**
- **What can be learned from other sectors approach to cyber risk (e.g., ENIA’s Cyber Exercise in 2018, aviation sector)?**

# Accountability and coordination

- **How to ensure that cyber security is not simply considered from a technical point of view but is central to corporate governance of financial institutions?**
- **What should be the responsibilities of the Board, Senior Management and Information Security Officer (ISO)?**
- **How to ensure that national cyber security strategies and nominated state agencies in charge of setting minimum standards and intervene in cyber incidents are effective?**
- **What should be the respective responsibilities of financial sector authorities and national security agencies?**
- **What should be the role of financial sector regulator vis-à-vis the network of Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRT) and Computer Emergency Readiness Team (CERT)?**

## Third party providers and outsourcing

- **Is it realistic to expect supervised financial institutions to be able to review the ICT controls of so many (including unknown) developers?**
- **What are the particular challenges related to particular services provided by leading technology players such as standard software applications, custom software applications, private cloud or public cloud?**
- **Who should be in charge of regulating and updating cloud providers?**
- **To what extent the reliance on the increasingly homogeneous services of cloud providers contributes to systemic risk?**

# FMI and cyber resilience oversight

- **How cyber resilient are Europe's FMIs? What are the key findings of the ECB's Cyber Survey among 76 FMIs active in Europe (2017 – 2018)?**
- **How do the ECB cyber tools - Cyber Survey, Cyber Resilience Oversight Expectations (CROE), European Red Team Testing Framework (TIBER-EU), crisis communication exercising (UNITAS) and Euro Cyber Resilience Board (ECRB) - interrelate with each other?**
- **What are the main elements of the CROE and how to ensure is not a compliance driven exercise?**
- **What are the main elements of the TIBER-EU Framework? Is ethical hacking of FMIs mandatory?**
- **Strategic dialogue between authorities and FMIs in the ECRB: "we are all victim"**
- **Are authorities and FMIs free to use the cyber tools as developed by the ECB/Eurosystem?**
- **Are the cyber tools as developed by the ECB/Eurosystem entity agnostic, i.e. can these tools be used by and for banks and even outside the financial sector?**