

# Promoting Social Inclusion

**A Call For  
Action in the  
Africa Region**

**Presentation to Africa Regional Management Team April 6, 2017**

# GREAT STRIDES

have been made in  
reducing poverty  
in Africa... but

EXCLUSION REMAINS  
REAL

A very large number  
of people in Africa  
remain vulnerable

**41%** of population are in extreme poverty vs. 10.7% globally

**1 in 10** working-age adults in Africa has a disability

**46%** of women experience sexual or physical violence

Africa is hosting **29%** of displaced people globally

**7 of 10** most unequal countries are in Africa

**26%** of all households are headed by women

**32.1** million African children are orphaned

Over **256** million people live in FCV African countries

There are about **30** million street children in Africa

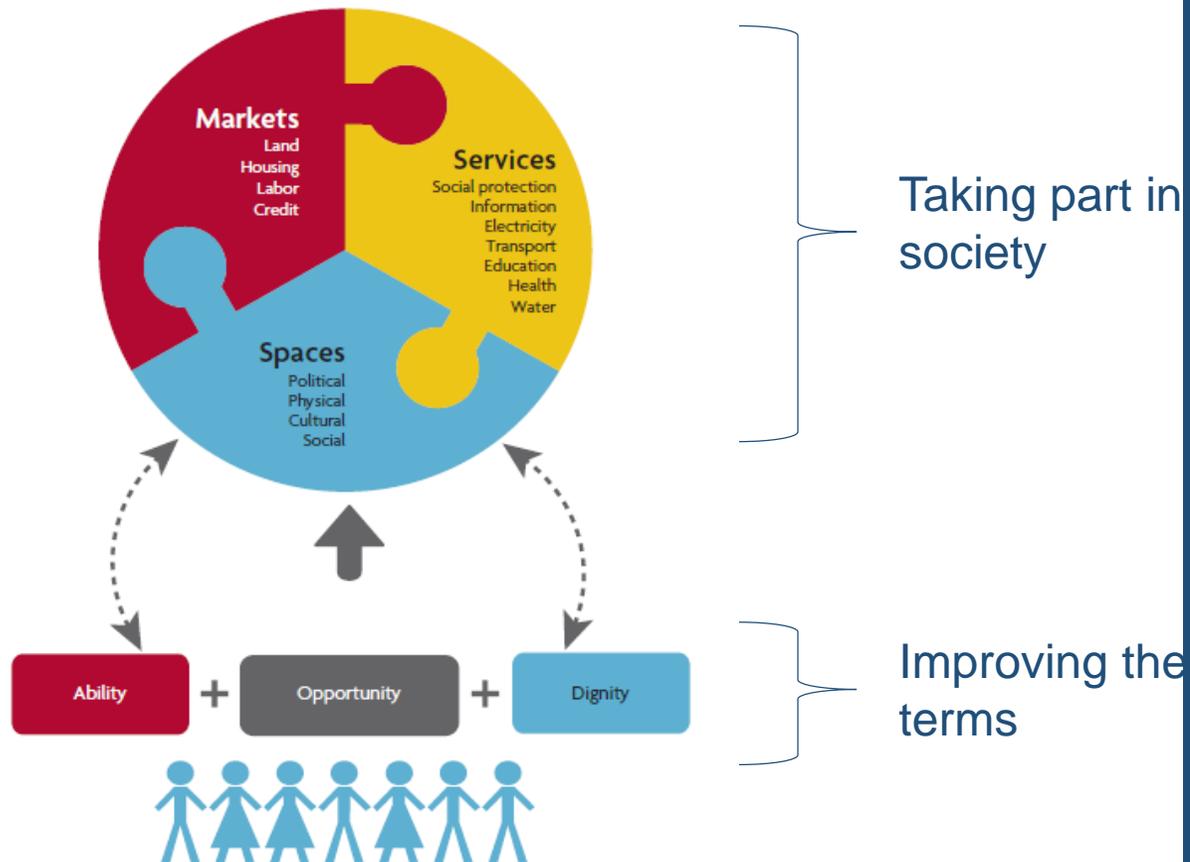
By **2050**, Africa will have **362** million people aged **15 to 24**

**2.3** million children are living with HIV in Africa

Over **200,000** women die each year giving birth

# What do we mean when we talk about social inclusion?

Social inclusion is the process of improving the terms under which individuals and groups **can take part** in society



**SOCIAL INCLUSION** is about:

actively working to address the underlying causes that produce exclusion so that the poor and the vulnerable are fully included in the development process

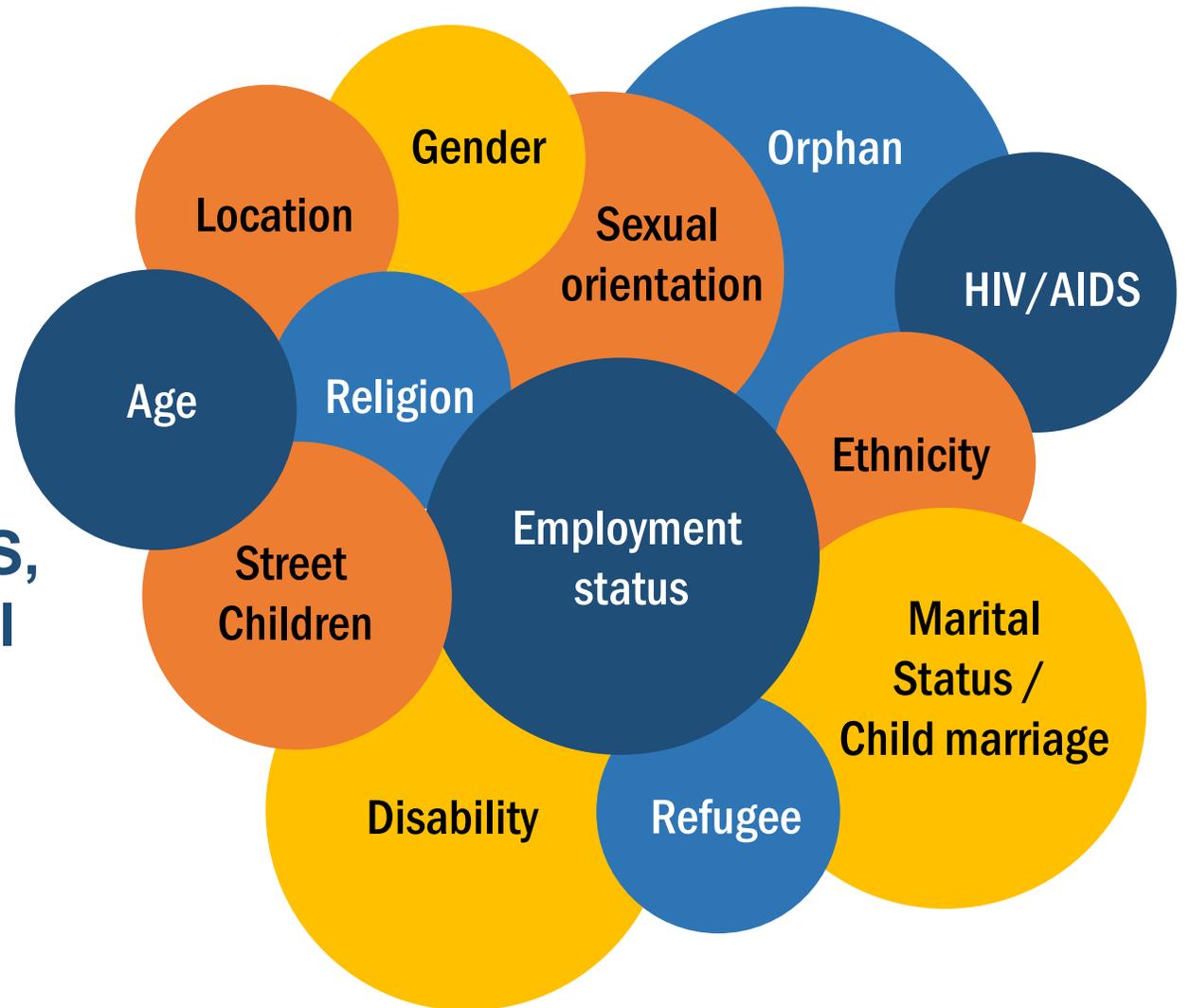
**IMPROVING:**

- ✓ **ABILITY**
- ✓ **OPPORTUNITY**
- ✓ **DIGNITY**

# IDENTITY: Key driver of social exclusion

1.

**PEOPLE HAVE MULTIPLE, INTERSECTING IDENTITIES, which are highly contextual**



# LOCATION can transfer cumulative disadvantages

## 2.

**DEVELOPMENT OUTCOMES IN KENYA VARIES BY LOCATION** with the remote **NORTH and NORTHEAST** lagging behind

The average poverty rates in the North and Northeast is **70%** compared to the national average of 45%.

Primary school attendance is on average **47%** compared to a national average of 77%.

Secondary school attendance is **9%** versus 24% nationally.

**33%** of births are assisted by a skilled provider compared to a national average of 62%.

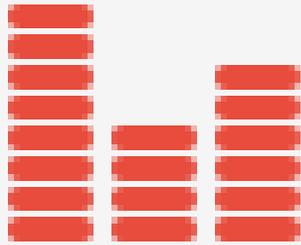
The literacy rate among women is **42%** on average compared to 88% for the country as a whole.

# CURRENT TRENDS contributing to exclusion



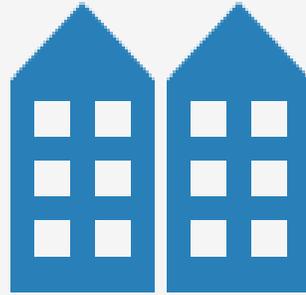
## POPULATION GROWTH

...leading to more  
people living in  
poverty



## RISING INEQUALIT Y

...7 of the 10 most  
unequal countries  
are in Africa



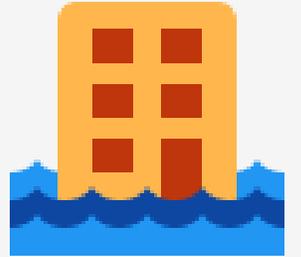
## RAPID URBANIZATION & MIGRATION

...changing norms and  
values, and lack of  
access to housing &  
other assets



## CONTINUED FRAGILITY & CONFLICT

...leaving some  
areas and people  
further behind



## CLIMATE CHANGE

...putting  
further strain on  
already scarce  
resources



YOUTH AT  
RISK



REFUGEES AND  
INTERNALLY  
DISPLACED PERSONS



WOMEN LACKING  
OPPORTUNITIES &  
Facing  
GENDER-BASED  
VIOLENCE



EX-COMBATANTS



PERSONS WITH  
DISABILITIES

**Some FACES of social  
exclusion in Africa**

# YOUTH AT RISK

**50%** of the population in Africa are under **25** years of age – opportunity & risk

Over the next **10** years, only **one in four** of Africa's youth will find a wage job at best

**58%** of all respondents in Liberia and **66%** in Sierra Leone pointed to **youth as those who carry out violent acts**

A study in Kenya suggests that **57%** of **al-Shabaab respondents** joined the group when they were below **24** years



# A young population can be an opportunity but there are also risks – such as radicalization



Since **2011** Africa has seen **3,000** attacks and **18,000** killed by violent extremism.

**Youth in Mombasa.** Tensions between young people and older political and religious leaders in Mombasa are caused by frustrations at reduced economic opportunities for young people. “[This neighborhood] has produced a lot of alienated, discontented young people. They have fallen off the economic radar. More troubling nowadays, they are constantly being told that they are poor and marginalized because they are Muslims in a Christian country”.

# Persons with DISABILITY

**Estimated 10%** of Africa's population have disabilities

Persons with disability have **lower primary school completion rate and lower employment rate** than persons without disability

Only **26–55%** of people with disability receive the **medical rehabilitation** they need, while only **17–37%** receive the **assistive devices** they need

**70** documented killings of albinos in Tanzania in 2007; and **14** in Malawi since 2014



# Many albino children face dim futures



**A BETTER TOMORROW?** Zawia Kassim, a 12-year-old student at the Kabanga Primary School in Tanzania, dreams of being a teacher one day. However, people with albinism have been ostracized, killed and dismembered, and graves of albinos dug up and desecrated because their limbs are believed to have special powers.

# WOMEN'S OPPORTUNITIES & GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

Africa ranks **worst** of all regions on the UNDP Gender Inequality Index but has the **highest rate of female entrepreneurship** in the world (36%)

Out of **47** new County Governors in Kenya there are **ZERO** women

**58%** of girls age 15-19 are victims of **Female Genital Mutilation in Burkina Faso** – a practice still common in the region

**46%** of women have experienced sexual or physical violence



# GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE puts communities at risk



**1.7 million**

Congolese women raped in  
their life time

**43%**

of rape victims in Rwanda are

**< age 14**

**PATIENTS, PANZI HOSPITAL, BUKAVU, SOUTH KIVU, DRC.** Violence against women and girls has reached epidemic proportions in the Great Lakes Region. Survivors of sexual and gender-based violence coming to the hospital frequently have serious physical injuries and a great need for psychological treatment.

# REFUGEES AND INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS

Africa has **3.7 million** refugees and **12.5 million** internally displaced people

The region is hosting **29%** of displaced people globally

The Horn of Africa and Great Lakes Region have been in conflict for over **20 years**

Forced displacement is a **symptom of conflict**, persecution, human rights abuses, natural disasters, failure of governance and rule of law



# Forced displacement is resulting in long-term refugees



**150,000**  
refugees  
housed in  
Kakuma Camp  
in Kenya

**KAKUMA REFUGEE CAMP**, in northwestern Kenya's Turkana County. Established in 1992, it is one of the longest-lasting refugee camps in the world. Many people in Kakuma are long-term refugees, living in hopelessness and desperation.

# EX-COMBATANTS

**19 African countries** are categorized as fragile or conflict affected

Civil war can set back a developing country by **30 years worth of GDP growth**, limiting opportunities for the poor and vulnerable

In 2015, the World Bank estimated that there were **194,000 combatants** in armed groups in Africa

**67%** of ex-combatants in Mali support **6-10 dependents**; **79%** of these ex-combatants are in the **18-40 age group**



# A new beginning for EX-COMBATANTS



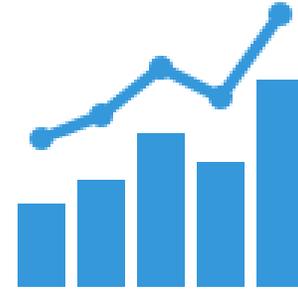
**BÉATRICE MUKANKUSI'S** was living in the dense forests of eastern Democratic Republic of Congo as an apprentice nurse for the Democratic Forces for the Liberation of Rwanda (FDLR) rebels. When she was barely 18 years old, she was captured by the Rwanda Defense Forces. She went through a pre-discharge reorientation program in Mutobo Demobilization Center. Today she lives in Musanze, where she has a second-hand clothing business and started pig and sheep farming to supplement her income.

# A Call to Action

# The Bank's Africa Region is already supporting vulnerable groups



The region has **significant experience** in promoting social inclusion



The region uses **multiple entry points** through analytics, operations and policy



Social inclusion is addressed through both **free standing operations** and as **components** of other operations



There is strong engagement **across Global Practices**

Some examples follow:

- 1. Forced Displacement**
- 2. Women's opportunities & gender based violence**
- 3. Demobilization and Reintegration Program**
- 4. Disability**



# Examples of how FORCED DISPLACEMENT is addressed

## ANALYTICS

- SCDs Uganda, Ethiopia and DRC
- Forced displacement in the HOA and the Great Lakes
- Host community impacts
- Migration and forced displacement in southern Africa (forthcoming)

## OPERATIONS

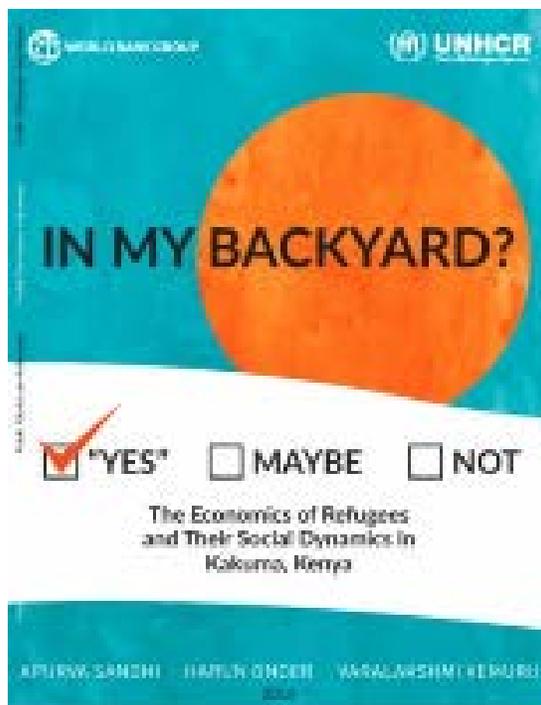
- Regional project addressing displacement impacts in Horn of Africa
- Operations on Displaced Persons and Border Communities in Zambia, DRC, Tanzania
- Forced Displacement Operations in Lake Chad and CAR

## POLICY

- Intergovernmental Authority on Development
- International Conference on the Great Lakes
- Work on alternatives to camps in Uganda and Kenya

# Response to Displacement in Uganda, Ethiopia, Djibouti & Kenya

INFORMED BY  
ANALYTICAL WORK



PROJECT RESPONDS TO  
3 SETS OF IMPACTS



**SERVICES**



**LIVELIHOODS**



**ENVIRONMENT**

EXPECTED PROJECT  
RESULTS



**1.2 million  
hosts**



**0.8 million  
refugees**



**Equal  
participation**



**Energy  
sources**



**1 million work  
days created**



**Sustainable  
Environment**



**Improved  
Livelihoods**



**250,000  
people**

# Examples of How Women's Opportunities & Gender Based Violence are Addressed

## ANALYTICS

- SCDs: constraint to achieving the twin goals
- Africa Gender Innovation Lab
- Sexual & Gender based Violence (GBV) in DRC
- GBV survey in Somalia

## OPERATIONS

- Nigeria women's economic empowerment project
- Gender Based Violence in the Great Lakes Region and Uganda
- Gender mainstreaming, e.g. in energy access (ESMAP)

## POLICY

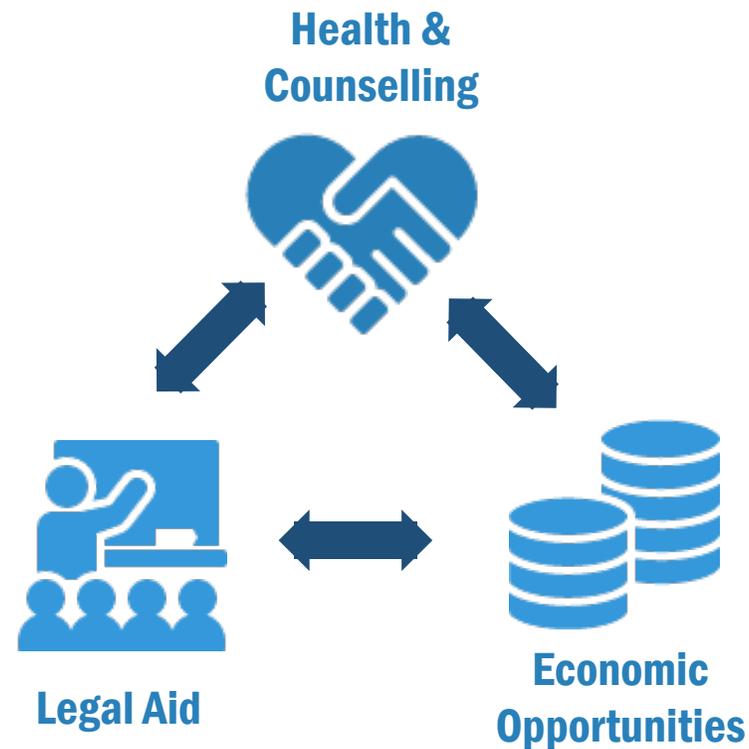
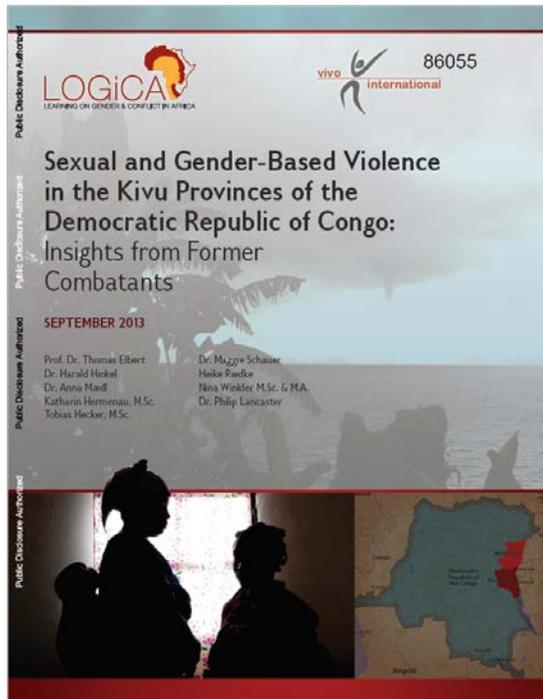
- International Conference on the Great Lakes Region: regional policy response to Gender Based Violence
- National Policy on Elimination of GBV in Uganda

# Response to Gender Based Violence in Burundi, Rwanda, DRC

INFORMED BY  
ANALYTICAL WORK

MULTI-SECTORAL & REGIONAL  
APPROACH & POLICY SUPPORT

INITIAL  
RESULTS



**6,377** survivors of sexual violence received support in DRC

**92%** of eligible reported cases of SGBV receiving emergency kits within 72 hours in DRC

**44** Integrated One Stop Centers for survivors of SGBV in Rwanda

**180** providers trained in comprehensive SGBV case management manual in Burundi

# Women's Initiative for Socio-Economic Engagement in Nigeria

**Exclusive focus on women**, promoting their economic empowerment

Building on **Andhra Pradesh self-help group model** in India – 3 million women reached

Organized in **self-help groups** women will gradually increase their social, human and economic capital for **labor force participation and productivity**

**Supporting behavioral change** to transform social and cultural barriers to economic empowerment

Expected board date: December 2017



# Examples of how DDR is addressed

## **280,000** DEMOBILIZED between 2004-2010 by WB & Donors Multi Country Demobilization and Reintegration Program

### ANALYTICS

- SCDs Mali, DRC
- Regional studies
- Country, project, and issue specific studies

### OPERATIONS

- Democratic Republic of the Congo
- Central African Republic
- Rwanda
- Mali

### POLICY

- Joint UN-WB support to DRC's Global Plan on Disarmament, Demobilization Reintegration

# PROJECT RESULTS - DRC Reinsertion Project



Project is using a holistic CDD approach focusing on ex-combatants & their families



Evacuation of ex-combatants and some of their families from Kitona to Goma

**3,760**  
**ex-combatants trained**



Agriculture activities



Distribution of livelihood kits



Reinsertion certificates awarding ceremony

# Examples of how DISABILITY is addressed

## ANALYTICS

- **SCD Togo and Mali include analysis on disability**

## OPERATIONS

- **JSDF supporting Albinism in Tanzania**
- **JSDF in Malawi focusing on inclusive education**

# Disability sensitivity in the Emergency Demobilization Project, Burundi

## Objectives

**Demobilization, reinsertion and reintegration of ex-combatants with disabilities**

- **Provide lodging for severely disabled ex-combatants**
- **Provide specialized medical support**
- **Implementation of training activities to support independent living**

## Results

**Of the targeted ex-combatants with disabilities:**

**86%** reported greater social acceptance by their communities in the project's first trimester

**93%** received planned medical treatment

**All** eligible severely disabled ex-combatants received accessible housing



# ACROSS GPs - examples of work supporting vulnerable groups



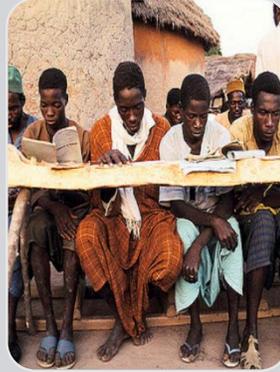
## MFM & Gender Lab:

Financing Women Entrepreneurs in Ethiopia: Women Entrepreneurship Development Project



## Social Protection

Improving Services for Street Children: The Street Children Project in DRC



## Education

Training and Job Opportunities for Young Malians: Mali Skills Development and Youth Employment Project



## Health

Supporting HIV/AIDS Orphans: Swaziland Health, HIV/AIDS and TB Project



## Cross-GPs

Adolescent Girls Initiatives in Liberia, Rwanda, South Sudan, Zambia & Malawi

The World Bank is doing  
a lot, but **MORE NEEDS  
TO BE DONE** given the  
scale of **INCLUSION  
CHALLENGES** facing the  
continent

**AN AGENDA  
FOR ACTION...**

# OPPORTUNITIES

- ✓ Increasing interest from clients in social inclusion
- ✓ Strong support from Africa Management Team
- ✓ Good practices (in analytics, operation and policy) to build on
- ✓ New ESF as an entry point – going beyond “do no harm”
- ✓ IDA 18

# CHALLENGES

- ✓ Different groups require different approaches – need for thoughtful tailoring
- ✓ Need to explore “non-traditional” delivery mechanisms, such as through CDD, working with CSOs, community block grants etc.
- ✓ Need to build political support for the work

# CORE ELEMENTS OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT'S CONTRIBUTION

## Beyond coping

Addressing structural issues beyond helping people cope with the consequences of vulnerability

## Tailoring

Using the right tools to diagnose the situation and designing tailored interventions

## Innovating

Engaging through new and innovative entry points such as sports

## Scaling up

Applying appropriate models to take inclusion to (national) scale

# INNOVATING



## Opportunities for youth at risk

- **Innovating the “Russia Social Inclusion through Sport Project” model to fit African context**
- **Inner-city renewal with a youth focus – innovating from experiences in Jamaica and Brazil**



## Getting street children off the street

- Applying the Indonesia ‘Peduli’ CSO model – drawing on CSOs local know-how, and providing resources mobilized at scale
- Supporting transit centers
- Providing health care & education



## Supporting Albinos using community block grants

- Applying the Indonesia ‘Generasi’ model - communities can receive block grants if agreed targets are met
- Increasing awareness, addressing social and community dynamics focusing on Tanzania and Malawi

# SCALING-UP



Women's economic empowerment through self-help groups

- **Scaling-up the 'Nigeria' (Andhra Pradesh) model of women self-help groups**
- **Innovating with links to business opportunities outside the community**



## Reducing Sexual & Gender Based Violence

- Tailoring and replicating GBV-focused projects in the Great Lakes Region and Uganda



## Promoting disability-inclusive development

- Supporting early intervention and referral systems for children with disabilities
- Disability friendly infrastructure & education
- Project design and implementation based on direct involvement of disability associations (China Urban and Transport projects)



# Promoting Social Inclusion

**A Call For Action**  
in the Africa Region