ECONOMIC INCLUSION OF LGBTI GROUPS IN THAILAND
In almost every country, stigma against a non-normative sexual orientation and gender identity (SOGI) fuels the social exclusion of lesbians, gays, bisexuals, transgender and intersex (LGBTI) people. In turn, stigma and exclusion limits their access to markets, services and spaces. Due to this exclusion, these individuals are especially vulnerable to violence, further discrimination, and diminished opportunities in life. Such disadvantages not only prevent them from capitalizing on opportunities to lead a better life, they also rob them of dignity.

In Thailand, a growing body of research indicates that LGBTI people and sexual/gender minorities experience lower employment, education, health, housing and lower socio-economic outcomes than the general population. They experience an immense pressure from society at large to conform to heteronormative norms. Yet, much of the existing data on SOGI issues in Thailand is qualitative in nature and based on interviews, focus group discussions and consultations.

In an effort to close this gap, the World Bank Group, in partnership with the Faculty of Learning Sciences and Education, Thammasat University and Love Frankie, conducted research to generate new data on the economic discrimination and exclusion of LGBTI individuals in Thailand.

**QUICK FACTS**

Objectives of the research were:
- Identify challenges and opportunities for LGBTI people
- Uncover the experiences of LGBTI people
- Compare perceptions, attitudes and behavior among non-LGBTI people

3,502 Thais took the online surveys:

- **1,200 non-LGBTI**
- **2,302 LGBTI**
- **18-39 YEARS OLD** Respondents were predominantly young
- **82% LGBTI**
- **52% NON-LGBTI**

*LIVE IN BANGKOK*

The survey asked LGBTI/non-LGBTI respondents about their experiences in the following areas:

- **EDUCATION** Applying for or studying at education and vocational training institutions
- **EMPLOYMENT** Applying for jobs, accessing jobs, leadership roles
- **HOUSING** Renting or buying individually or with a partner
- **FINANCE** Accessing banking products and services
- **HEALTH INSURANCE** Accessing health services and treatments
LGBTI experience more discrimination than non-LGBTI respondents (46% LGBTI, 38% non-LGBTI)

Lesbians say they face the most discrimination when buying property and in the labor market

Discrimination is worse for the transgender community

For all regions, discrimination in the labor market is experienced extensively by LGBTI:

- 77% transgender, 49% gay and 62.5% lesbian respondents said their job applications were refused because they were LGBTI
- 40% of transgender respondents experienced harassment or were ridiculed at work
- 22.7% of gay respondents weren’t promoted because they were LGBTI
- 24% of lesbian and gay respondents were told not to show or mention being LGBTI at work
- 23.7% of transgender respondents were told to use the toilet according to their birth sex
- 3 out of 4 transgender respondents reported discrimination at work or when applying for a job
- 60% of transgender respondents face workplace discrimination, compared to lesbian and gay respondents (29% and 19% respectively)
- 19% of gay men experience significant discrimination in the labor market

Lesbian respondents experience significantly higher levels of discrimination than gay respondents

Both non-LGBTI and LGBTI people surveyed have low level of awareness about anti-discrimination laws

Family and friends are the first point of contact that LGBTI people confide to when experiencing discrimination, and are very unlikely to report through formal complaint mechanisms or law enforcement agencies
THE WORLD BANK AND SOGI
The World Bank approaches sexual orientation and gender identity (SOGI) inclusion through our commitments on gender equality and social inclusion. Building on its work on HIV/AIDS over the last decade, the World Bank has taken a more comprehensive approach to SOGI inclusion throughout the organization’s management and operations.

In January 2015, the Bank established a SOGI Task Force to place a stronger emphasis on the SOGI agenda as well as to spearhead a coherent effort for SOGI inclusion. The multi-sectorial task force has members from different parts of the World Bank, which opens opportunities for influencing existing and forthcoming operational and analytical work.

CONTACT US
World Bank Thailand
30th Floor, 989 Siam Piwat Tower
989 Rama I Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330
Tel: +662 686-8300
Email: thailand@worldbank.org
www.worldbank.org/thailand
facebook.com/worldbankthailand

PARTNERSHIPS AND CONTRIBUTIONS
Direct Research Partners:

Research Advisory Group:

Dissemination Partners:

Nordic Trust Fund

Andaman Power & Rung Andaman Phuket

B-CHANGE