CWIS team provides expertise in support of Bank and government project teams in operationalizing and embedding CWIS principles within their urban sanitation investments. The table below presents a list of the countries where the Bank has supported, or is currently supporting, differing degrees of CWIS engagement.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethiopia</th>
<th>Tanzania</th>
<th>Ghana</th>
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<tr>
<td>Angola</td>
<td>Bolivia</td>
<td>Uruguay</td>
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<td>Kenya</td>
<td>Cote d’Ivoire</td>
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<td>Yemen</td>
<td>Mauritania</td>
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<td>Nigeria</td>
<td>Malawi</td>
<td>Turkey</td>
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</table>
In Ethiopia, the WB is supporting a US$505 million project that focuses on expanding access to urban sanitation services for 2.5 million people, while strengthening the institutions that provide these services. The project, which includes activities in 23 cities across the country, supports sewered and onsite solutions and incorporates consideration of the full sanitation service chain. The project also supports shared household facilities for the poorest households and those living in particularly dense areas and will scale up access to public toilets, which are currently run by economically marginalized groups such as women and people with disabilities, for use in busy urban centers. The CWIS team has supported the project in the development of the Urban Sanitation Rapid Assessment Tool and developed Design-Build-Operate (DBO) bidding documents for Fecal Sludge Treatment Plants.

In Tanzania, through a USD$225 million project, the Government is using CWIS principles to expand sanitation services and treatment of human waste for over 1 million people, combining both onsite sanitation and fecal sludge management interventions, in addition to sewerage and wastewater treatment. The CWIS team has supported the design of the Wastewater Treatment Plant DBO contract and the associated sewerage interventions.

In Ghana, the World Bank is supporting a multifaceted sanitation intervention to tackle the challenges of sanitation in the Greater Accra Metropolitan Area. The project includes: subsidies for poor households to buy toilet facilities; construction of new fecal sludge treatment plants; engagement with private sector financial institutions to encourage creation of loan products for household sanitation; sanitation marketing; mobile money platforms for households to save towards the cost of a toilet; support to local private contractors to build their capacity to deliver toilets at larger scales; and other related initiatives. The project aims to provide over 110,000 people with access to improved sanitation.

In Angola, the World Bank is supporting the Government to undertake a city-level sanitation master planning process for nine secondary cities and to pilot innovative sanitation service delivery models to benefit 35,000 people. The activities are all aligned with CWIS principles.

In Bolivia, GWSP and the CWIS team have supported the government in advancing its urban sanitation agenda, including on CWIS strategic planning, on fecal sludge management, on piloting the use of condominial/smart sewers and on connecting the unconnected to sewer systems.

In Uruguay, the World Bank has been supporting the National Water Directorate (DINAGUA) in advancing the operationalization of its recently approved National Sanitation Plan, particularly in identifying institutional, legal and regulatory gaps in Uruguay’s sanitation sector. This Plan recognizes the need to use a wide menu of sanitation options, including sewerage networks, fecal sludge management and on-site sanitation solutions, and recommendations on how to adapt the current legal and regulatory framework to this new concept will feed into the discussions on a new Sanitation Law.

In Kenya, the World Bank is helping the Government of Kenya address their sanitation challenges and is engaging in strategic planning activities in Nakuru county through the Countywide Inclusive Sanitation initiative.
● **In Côte d’Ivoire,** the World Bank is supporting the government to develop a National Sanitation Strategy that will bridge the mandates of multiple institutions. The project will also finance the Government’s investments in sanitation master planning in a few urban centers as well as WASH investments in schools and health centers in parallel with hygiene campaigns.

● **In Bangladesh,** the World Bank is supporting the improvement of sanitation services in Dhaka and in small towns. The Dhaka project is the first, large, standalone sanitation project in the region. The team has also been supporting the preparation of sanitation programs in the country and has been informing the design of the Dhaka sanitation project.

● **In Yemen,** the World Bank is conducting sanitation assessments in Sana’a and Aden, including assessment of access and infrastructure in households, cholera-affected areas, internally displaced persons (IDP) camps, shared sanitation facilities in public institutions and sanitation service delivery models. The Bank also supporting the preparation of a new water and sanitation project by prioritizing sanitation investments in several urban centers in Yemen.

● **In Mauritania,** the World Bank is supporting investments across the sanitation service chain in peri-urban areas as well as in densely populated refugee camps.

● **In Mozambique,** the team has been supporting the development of sanitation services improvement plans in five municipalities, the design of wastewater treatment plants, and trainings on condominial sewers design and management. The team is also supporting development of management models for public and school sanitation facilities, including activities on menstrual hygiene management.

● **In Nigeria,** the WB is preparing a US$700 million program for results (PforR) which aims to increase access to water, sanitation, and hygiene services through the development of infrastructure, institutions, and policies in select states of Nigeria. The program will support the “Clean Nigeria: Use the Toilet” campaign to achieve an open defecation free Nigeria by 2025. Sanitation activities will be implemented in urban and rural areas as well as small towns and will align with the principles of local government area-wide (‘LGA-wide’) inclusive sanitation. Preparation is ongoing and the program is expected to be approved by the WB Board of Directors before the end of the calendar year 2020.

● **In Malawi,** the World Bank is supporting the development and design of onsite sanitation facilities, including fecal sludge treatment plants, public sanitation facilities, and supporting the development of sanitation master plans.

● **In Turkey,** the World Bank is adapting innovative solutions from Africa, and applying them in project design in order to deliver sanitation services in refugee camps in Turkey.